Documentation for package "reportlab.graphics"
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reportlab.graphics

axes

Collection of axes for charts.

The current collection comprises axes for charts using cartesian coordinate systems. All axes might have tick marks and labels. There are two dichotomies for axes: one of X and Y flavours and another of category and value flavours.

Category axes have an ordering but no metric. They are divided into a number of equal-sized buckets. Their tick marks or labels, if available, go BETWEEN the buckets, and the labels are placed below to/left of the X/Y-axis, respectively.

Value axes have an ordering AND metric. They correspond to a numeric quantity. Value axis have a real number quantity associated with it. The chart tells it where to go.
The most basic axis divides the number line into equal spaces and has tickmarks and labels associated with each; later we will add variants where you can specify the sampling interval.

The charts using axis tell them where the labels should be placed.

Axes of complementary X/Y flavours can be connected to each other in various ways, i.e. with a specific reference point, like an x/value axis to a y/value (or category) axis. In this case the connection can be either at the top or bottom of the former or at any absolute value (specified in points) or at some value of the former axes in its own coordinate system.

Classes

AdjYValueAxis(YValueAxis)

A Y-axis applying additional rules.

Depending on the data and some built-in rules, the axis may choose to adjust its range and origin.

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('left', 'right', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

leftAxisOrigShiftIPC Lowest label shift interval ratio.

leftAxisOrigShiftMin Minimum amount to shift.

leftAxisPercent When true add percent sign to label values.

leftAxisSkipLL0 Skip lowest tick label when true.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

rangeRound How to round the axis limits

requiredRange Minimum required value range.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

tickLeft Tick length left of the axis.

tickRight Tick length right of the axis.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    self.setPosition(100, 10, 80)
    self.configure(data)
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    drawing.add(self)
    return drawing
```

```
45%
40%
35%
30%
25%
20%
15%
10%
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
avoidBoundFrac = None
forceZero = 0
gridEnd = 0
gridStart = 0
gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
gridStrokeDashArray = None
gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
joinAxis = None
joinAxisMode = None
joinAxisPos = None
labelTextFormat = ['10%', '15%', '20%', '25%', '30%', '35%', '40%', '45%']
labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x8492c0c>
leftAxisOrigShiftIPC = 0.14999999999999999
leftAxisOrigShiftMin = 12
leftAxisPercent = 1
leftAxisSkipLL0 = 0
maximumTicks = 7
minimumTickSpacing = 10
rangeRound = 'none'
requiredRange = 30
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeDashArray = None
strokeWidth = 1
tickLeft = 5
tickRight = 0
valueMax = None
valueMin = None
valueStep = None
valueSteps = [10.0, 15.0, 20.0, 25.0, 30.0, 35.0, 40.0, 45.0]
visible = 1
visibleAxis = 1
visibleGrid = 0
visibleTicks = 1
```

`CategoryAxis(Widget)`

Abstract category axis, unusable in itself.

Public Attributes

categoryNames List of category names.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelAxisMode Like joinAxisMode, but for the axis labels

labels Handle of the axis labels.

reverseDirection If true reverse category direction.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

style How common category bars are plotted

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

`NormalDateXValueAxis(XValueAxis)`

An X axis applying additional rules.

Depending on the data and some built-in rules, the axis
displays normalDate values as nicely formatted dates.

The client chart should have NormalDate X values.

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

bottomAxisLabelSlack Fractional amount used to adjust label spacing

dailyFreq True if we are to assume daily data to be ticked at end of month.

dayOfWeekName Weekday names.

forceEndDate Flag for enforced displaying of last date value.

forceFirstDate Flag for enforced displaying of first date value.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('bottom', 'top', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

monthName Month names.

niceMonth Flag for displaying months 'nicely'.

rangeRound How to round the axis limits

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

tickDown Tick length down the axis.

tickUp Tick length up the axis.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

xLabelFormat Label format string (e.g. '{mm}/{yy}') or function.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    self.setPosition(20, 50, 150)
    self.configure([(10,20,30,40,50)])
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(self)
    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
avoidBoundFrac = None
bottomAxisLabelSlack = 0.10000000000000001
```

```
dailyFreq = 0
dayOfWeekName = ['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sunday']
forceEndDate = 0
forceFirstDate = 0
forceZero = 0
gridEnd = 0
gridStart = 0
gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
gridStrokeDashArray = None
gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
joinAxis = None
joinAxisMode = None
joinAxisPos = None
labelTextFormat = '%d'
labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x84abb2c>
maximumTicks = 7
minimumTickSpacing = 10
monthName = ['January',
             'February',
             'March',
             'April',
             'May',
             'June',
             'July',
             'August',
             'September',
             'October',
             'November',
             'December']
niceMonth = 1
rangeRound = 'none'
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeDashArray = None
strokeWidth = 1
tickDown = 5
tickUp = 0
valueMax = None
valueMin = None
valueStep = None
valueSteps = None
visible = 1
visibleAxis = 1
visibleGrid = 0
visibleTicks = 1
xLabelFormat = '{mm}/{yy}'
```

`ValueAxis(Widget)`

Abstract value axis, unusable in itself!

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

rangeRound How to round the axis limits

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

`XCategoryAxis(CategoryAxis)`

X/category axis

Public Attributes

categoryNames List of category names.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('bottom', 'top', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelAxisMode Like joinAxisMode, but for the axis labels

labels Handle of the axis labels.

reverseDirection If true reverse category direction.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

style How common category bars are plotted

tickDown Tick length down the axis.

tickUp Tick length up the axis.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

`XValueAxis(ValueAxis)`

X/value axis

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('bottom', 'top', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

rangeRound How to round the axis limits

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

tickDown Tick length down the axis.

tickUp Tick length up the axis.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    self.setPosition(20, 50, 150)
    self.configure([(10,20,30,40,50)])
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(self)
    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
avoidBoundFrac = None
forceZero = 0
gridEnd = 0
gridStart = 0
gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
gridStrokeDashArray = None
gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
joinAxis = None
joinAxisMode = None
joinAxisPos = None
labelTextFormat = '%d'
labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x84cdf8c>
maximumTicks = 7
minimumTickSpacing = 10
rangeRound = 'none'
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeDashArray = None
strokeWidth = 1
tickDown = 5
tickUp = 0
valueMax = None
valueMin = None
valueStep = None
visible = 1
visibleAxis = 1
visibleGrid = 0
visibleTicks = 1
```

`YCategoryAxis(CategoryAxis)`

Y/category axis

Public Attributes

categoryNames List of category names.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('left', 'right', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelAxisMode Like joinAxisMode, but for the axis labels

labels Handle of the axis labels.

reverseDirection If true reverse category direction.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

style How common category bars are plotted

tickLeft Tick length left of the axis.

tickRight Tick length right of the axis.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

`YValueAxis(ValueAxis)`

Y/value axis

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('left', 'right', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

rangeRound How to round the axis limits

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

tickLeft Tick length left of the axis.

tickRight Tick length right of the axis.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    self.setPosition(100, 10, 80)
    self.configure(data)
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    drawing.add(self)
    return drawing
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
avoidBoundFrac = None
forceZero = 0
gridEnd = 0
gridStart = 0
gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
gridStrokeDashArray = None
gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
joinAxis = None
joinAxisMode = None
joinAxisPos = None
labelTextFormat = '%d'
labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x84f33ec>
maximumTicks = 7
minimumTickSpacing = 10
rangeRound = 'none'
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeDashArray = None
```

```
strokeWidth = 1
tickLeft = 5
tickRight = 0
valueMax = None
valueMin = None
valueStep = None
visible = 1
visibleAxis = 1
visibleGrid = 0
visibleTicks = 1
```

Functions

sample0a(...)

Sample drawing with one xcat axis and two buckets.

Example

```
def sample0a():
    "Sample drawing with one xcat axis and two buckets."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20)]
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(75, 75, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    return drawing
```

Ying   Yang
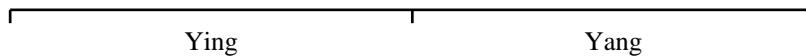
sample0b(...)

Sample drawing with one xcat axis and one bucket only.

Example

```
def sample0b():
    "Sample drawing with one xcat axis and one bucket only."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10,)]
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(75, 75, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    return drawing
```

Ying
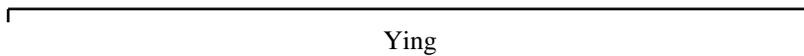
sample1(...)

Sample drawing containing two unconnected axes.

Example

```
def sample1():
    "Sample drawing containing two unconnected axes."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(75, 75, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer','Wine','Meat','Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    xAxis.labels[3].dy = -15
    xAxis.labels[3].angle = 30
    xAxis.labels[3].fontName = 'Times-Bold'
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
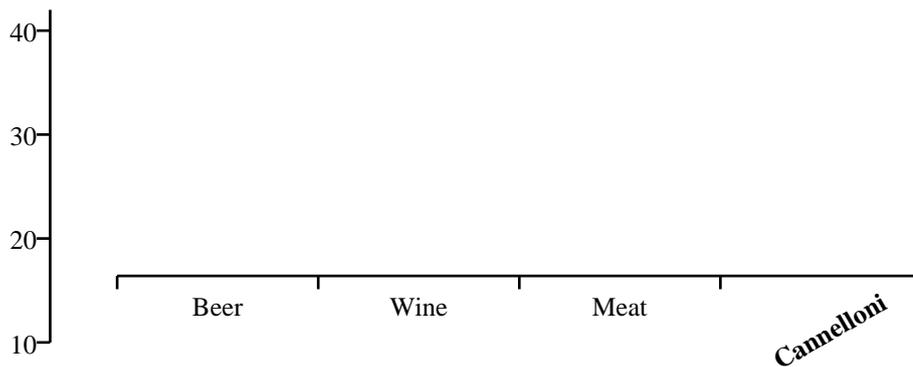
sample4a(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at 100 pts to x.

Example

```
def sample4a():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at 100 pts to x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'points'
    xAxis.joinAxisPos = 100
    xAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
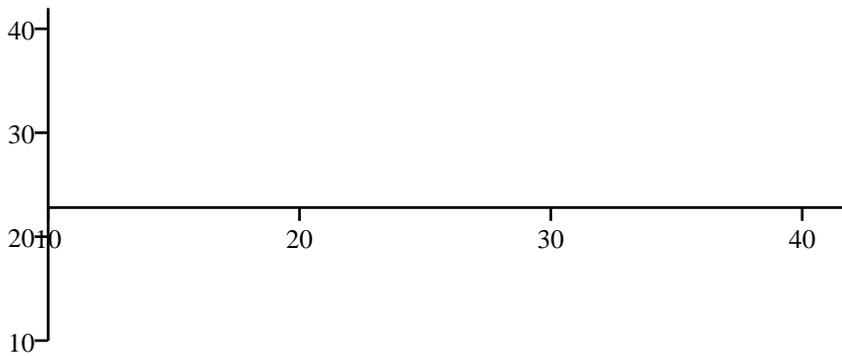
sample4b(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at value 35 of x.

Example

```
def sample4b():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at value 35 of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'value'
    xAxis.joinAxisPos = 35
    xAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
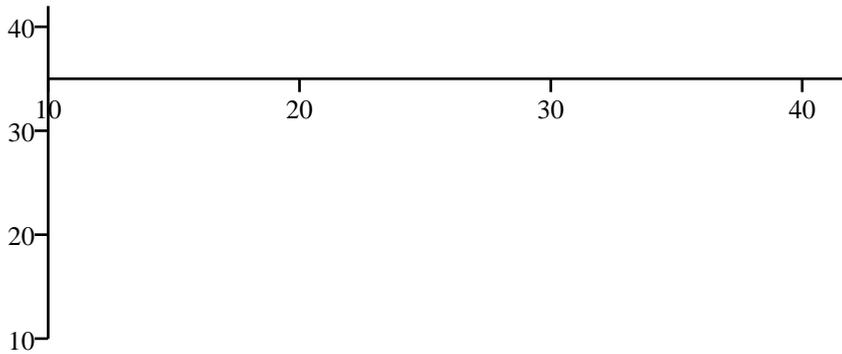
sample4c(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected to bottom of x.

Example

```
def sample4c():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected to bottom of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'bottom'
    xAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
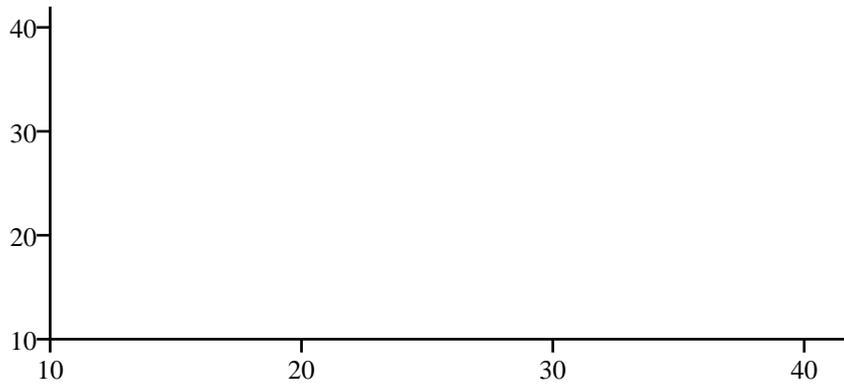
`sample4c1( ... )`

xvalue/yvalue axes, without drawing axis lines/ticks.

Example

```
def sample4c1():
    "xvalue/yvalue axes, without drawing axis lines/ticks."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis.visibleAxis = 0
    yAxis.visibleTicks = 0
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'bottom'
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.visibleAxis = 0
    xAxis.visibleTicks = 0
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

40

30

20

10
  10   20   30   40
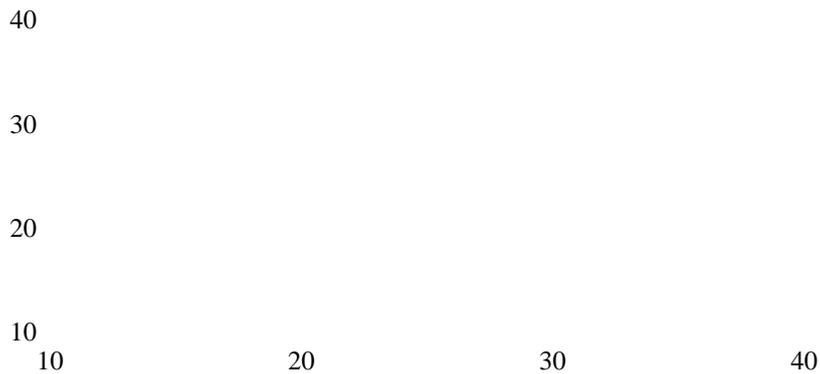
sample4d(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected to top of x.

Example

```
def sample4d():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected to top of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'top'
    xAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
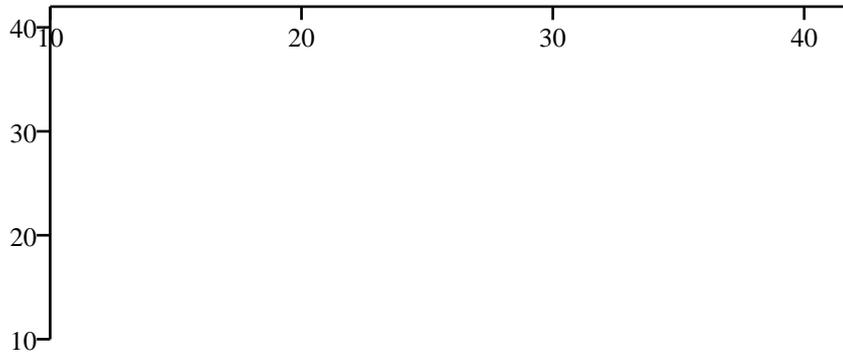
## **sample5a(...)**

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at 100 pts to x.

Example

```
def sample5a():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at 100 pts to x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'points'
    yAxis.joinAxisPos = 100
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
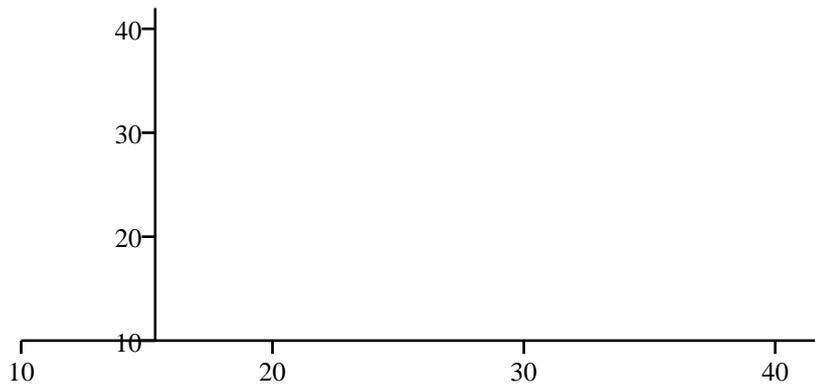
sample5b(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at value 35 of x.

Example

```
def sample5b():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at value 35 of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'value'
    yAxis.joinAxisPos = 35
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
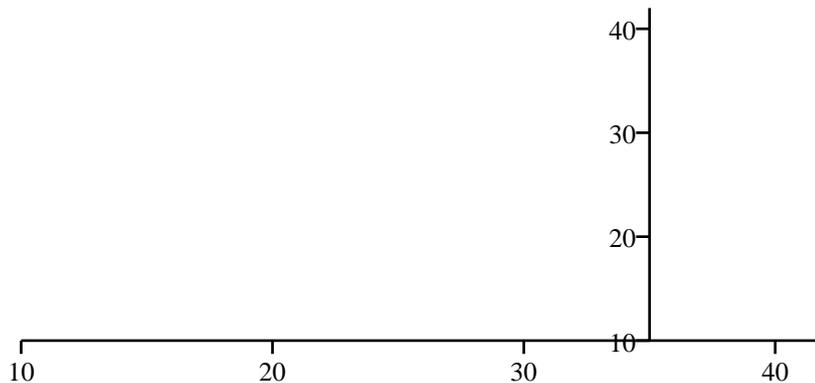
sample5c(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at right of x.

Example

```
def sample5c():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at right of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'right'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
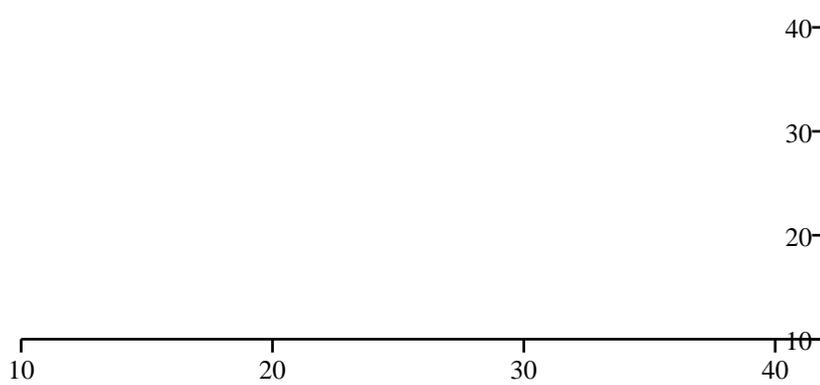
sample5d(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at left of x.

Example

```
def sample5d():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at left of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'left'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
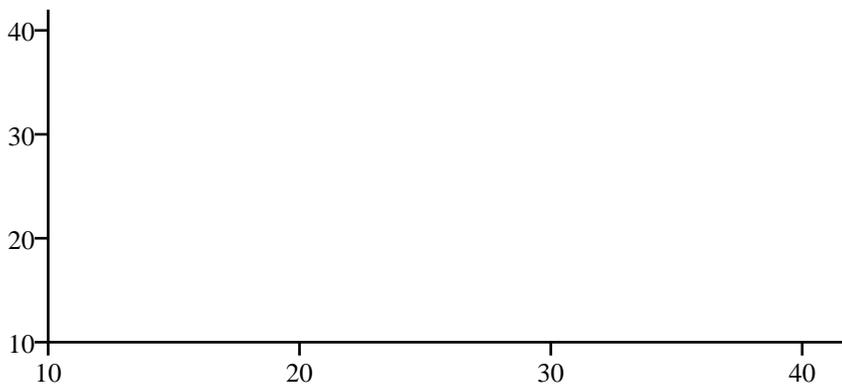
sample6a(...)

Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at top of y.

Example

```
def sample6a():
    "Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at top of y."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'top'
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
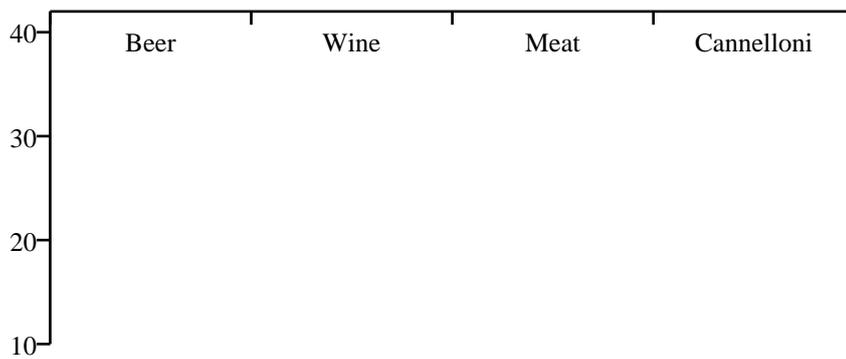
sample6b(...)

Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at bottom of y.

Example

```
def sample6b():
    "Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at bottom of y."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'bottom'
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
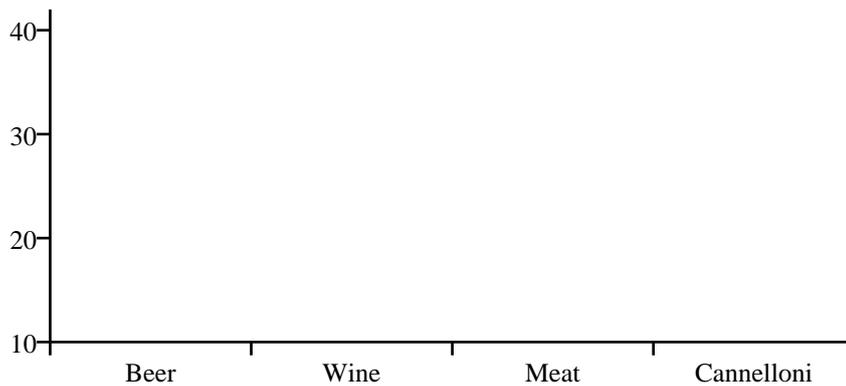
sample6c(...)

Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at 100 pts to y.

Example

```
def sample6c():
    "Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at 100 pts to y."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'points'
    xAxis.joinAxisPos = 100
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
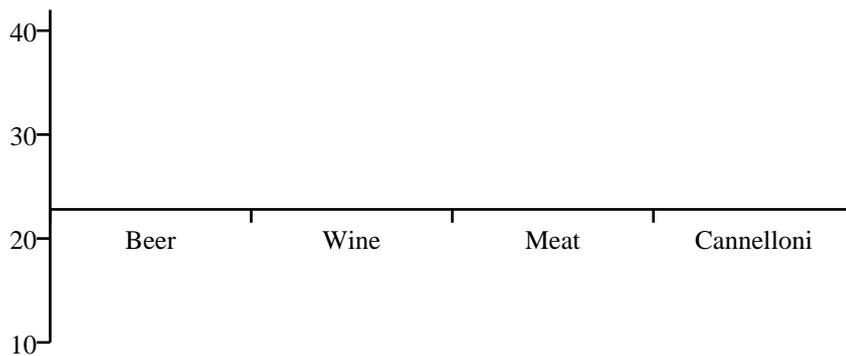
sample6d(...)

Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at value 20 of y.

Example

```
def sample6d():
    "Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at value 20 of y."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'value'
    xAxis.joinAxisPos = 20
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
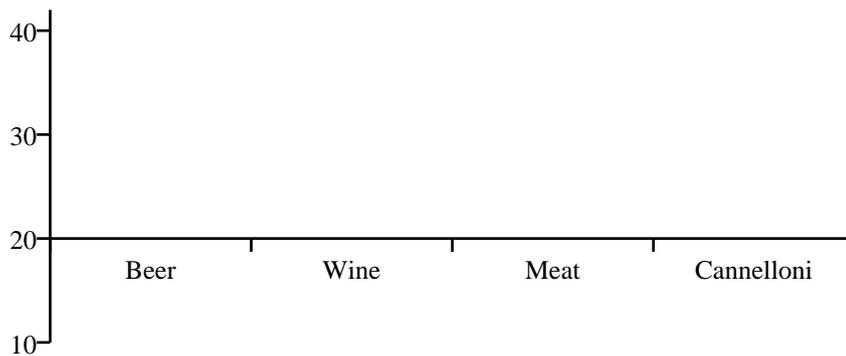
sample7a(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at right of x.

Example

```
def sample7a():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at right of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YCategoryAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'right'
    yAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    yAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
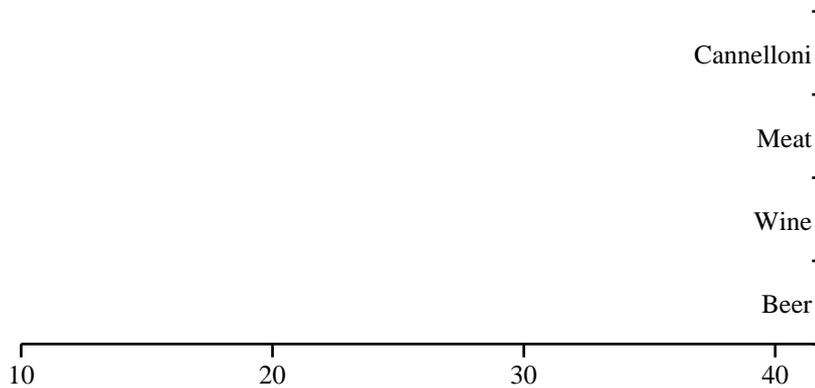
sample7b(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at left of x.

Example

```
def sample7b():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at left of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YCategoryAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'left'
    yAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    yAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
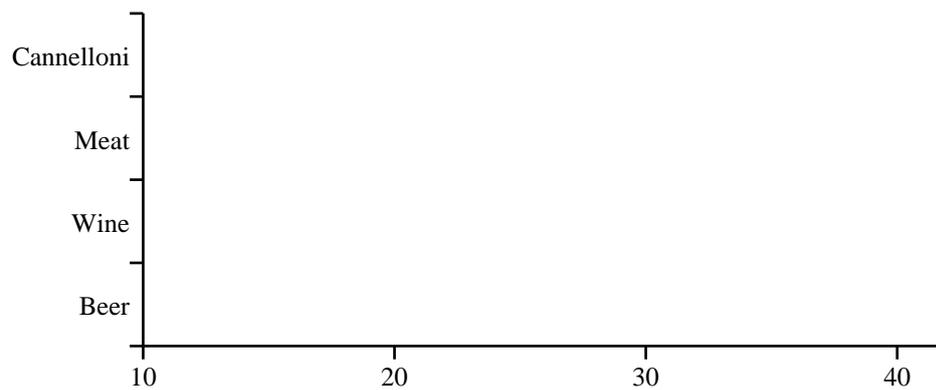
sample7c(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at value 30 of x.

Example

```
def sample7c():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at value 30 of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YCategoryAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'value'
    yAxis.joinAxisPos = 30
    yAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    yAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
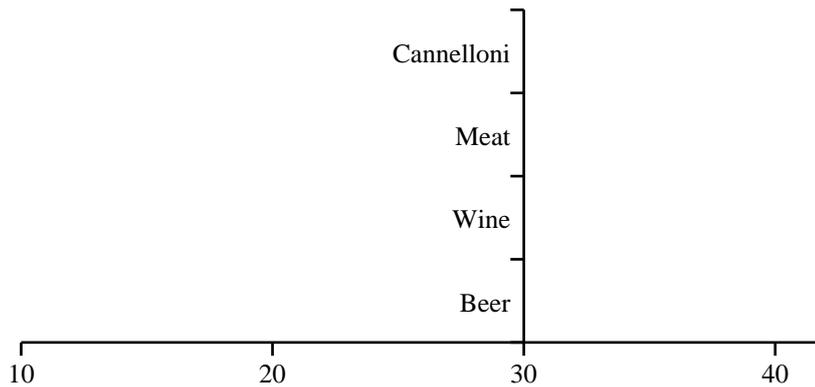
sample7d(...)

Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at 200 pts to x.

Example

```
def sample7d():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at 200 pts to x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YCategoryAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'points'
    yAxis.joinAxisPos = 200
    yAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    yAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```
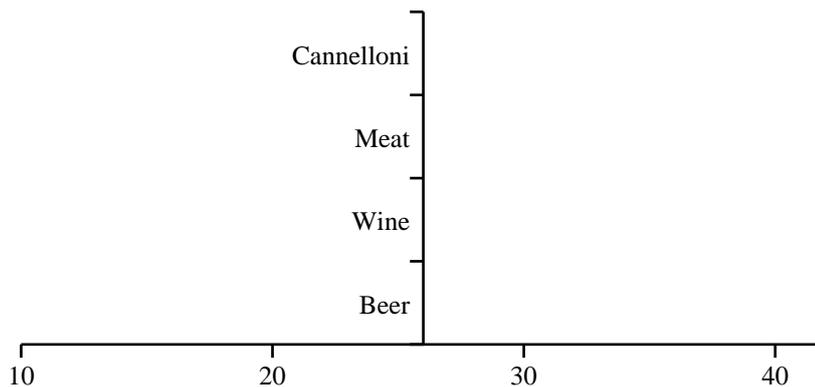
`barcharts`

This module defines a variety of Bar Chart components.

The basic flavors are Side-by-side, available in horizontal and vertical versions.

Stacked and percentile bar charts to follow...

Classes

`BarChart(PlotArea)`

Abstract base class, unusable by itself.

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

barLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for bar labels.

barLabels Handle to the list of bar labels.

barSpacing Width between individual bars.

barWidth The width of an individual bar.

bars Handle of the individual bars.

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

groupSpacing Width between groups of bars.

height Height of the chart.

naLabel Label to use for N/A values.

reversePlotOrder If true, reverse common category plot order.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

`HorizontalBarChart(BarChart)`

Horizontal bar chart with multiple side-by-side bars.

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

barLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for bar labels.

barLabels Handle to the list of bar labels.

barSpacing Width between individual bars.

barWidth The width of an individual bar.

bars Handle of the individual bars.

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

groupSpacing Width between groups of bars.

height Height of the chart.

naLabel Label to use for N/A values.

reversePlotOrder If true, reverse common category plot order.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a bar chart"""
    if self.__class__.__name__=='BarChart':
        raise NotImplementedError, 'Abstract Class BarChart has no demo'
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    bc = self.__class__()
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```


Properties of Example Widget

```
background = None
barLabelFormat = None
```

```
barLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x857eccc>
barSpacing = 0
barWidth = 10
bars = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x857ed0c>
categoryAxis.categoryNames = None
categoryAxis.gridEnd = 0
categoryAxis.gridStart = 0
categoryAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
categoryAxis.joinAxis = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisMode = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisPos = None
categoryAxis.labelAxisMode = 'axis'
categoryAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x857ebac>
categoryAxis.reverseDirection = 0
categoryAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.strokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.strokeWidth = 1
categoryAxis.style = 'parallel'
categoryAxis.tickLeft = 5
categoryAxis.tickRight = 0
categoryAxis.visible = 1
categoryAxis.visibleAxis = 1
categoryAxis.visibleGrid = 0
categoryAxis.visibleTicks = 1
data = [(100, 110, 120, 130), (70, 80, 85, 90)]
debug = 0
fillColor = None
groupSpacing = 5
height = 85
naLabel = None
reversePlotOrder = 0
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 1
useAbsolute = 0
valueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
valueAxis.forceZero = 0
valueAxis.gridEnd = 0
valueAxis.gridStart = 0
valueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
valueAxis.joinAxis = None
valueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
valueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
valueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
valueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x857ec6c>
valueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
valueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
valueAxis.rangeRound = 'none'
valueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
valueAxis.tickDown = 5
valueAxis.tickUp = 0
valueAxis.valueMax = None
valueAxis.valueMin = None
valueAxis.valueStep = None
valueAxis.visible = 1
valueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
valueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
valueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

`SampleH5c4(Drawing)`

Simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def __init__(self,width=400,height=200,*args,**kw):
    apply(Drawing.__init__,(self,width,height)+args,kw)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = dataSample5
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    self.add(bc,name='HBC')
```
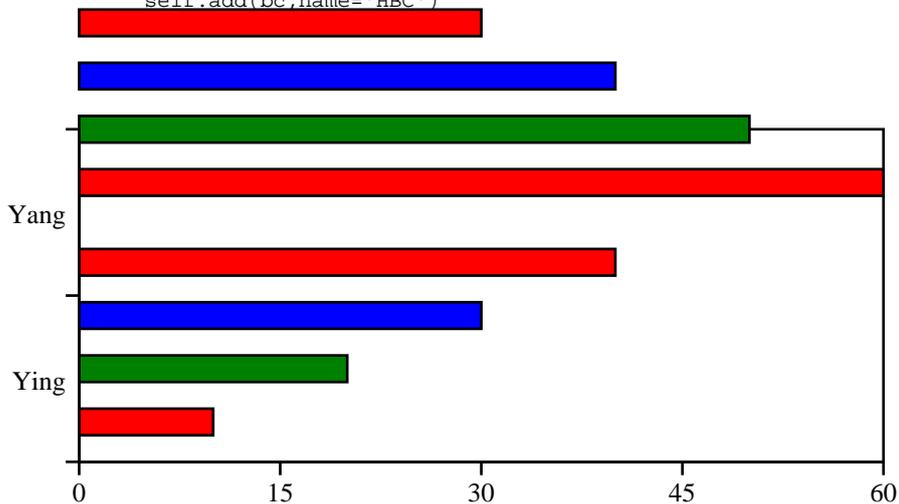

`VerticalBarChart(BarChart)`

Vertical bar chart with multiple side-by-side bars.

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

barLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for bar labels.

barLabels Handle to the list of bar labels.

barSpacing Width between individual bars.

barWidth The width of an individual bar.

bars Handle of the individual bars.

---

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

groupSpacing Width between groups of bars.

height Height of the chart.

naLabel Label to use for N/A values.

reversePlotOrder If true, reverse common category plot order.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a bar chart"""
    if self.__class__.__name__=='BarChart':
        raise NotImplementedError, 'Abstract Class BarChart has no demo'
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    bc = self.__class__()
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```


Properties of Example Widget

```
background = None
barLabelFormat = None
barLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x858f7ac>
barSpacing = 0
barWidth = 10
bars = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x858f80c>
categoryAxis.categoryNames = None
categoryAxis.gridEnd = 0
categoryAxis.gridStart = 0
categoryAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
categoryAxis.joinAxis = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisMode = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisPos = None
categoryAxis.labelAxisMode = 'axis'
categoryAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x858f6ec>
categoryAxis.reverseDirection = 0
```

```
categoryAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.strokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.strokeWidth = 1
categoryAxis.style = 'parallel'
categoryAxis.tickDown = 5
categoryAxis.tickUp = 0
categoryAxis.visible = 1
categoryAxis.visibleAxis = 1
categoryAxis.visibleGrid = 0
categoryAxis.visibleTicks = 1
data = [(100, 110, 120, 130), (70, 80, 85, 90)]
debug = 0
fillColor = None
groupSpacing = 5
height = 85
naLabel = None
reversePlotOrder = 0
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 1
useAbsolute = 0
valueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
valueAxis.forceZero = 0
valueAxis.gridEnd = 0
valueAxis.gridStart = 0
valueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
valueAxis.joinAxis = None
valueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
valueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
valueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
valueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x858f74c>
valueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
valueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
valueAxis.rangeRound = 'none'
valueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
valueAxis.tickLeft = 5
valueAxis.tickRight = 0
valueAxis.valueMax = None
valueAxis.valueMin = None
valueAxis.valueStep = None
valueAxis.visible = 1
valueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
valueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
valueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

Functions

sampleH0a(...)

Make a slightly pathologic bar chart with only TWO data items.

Example

```
def sampleH0a():
    "Make a slightly pathologic bar chart with only TWO data items."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'se'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
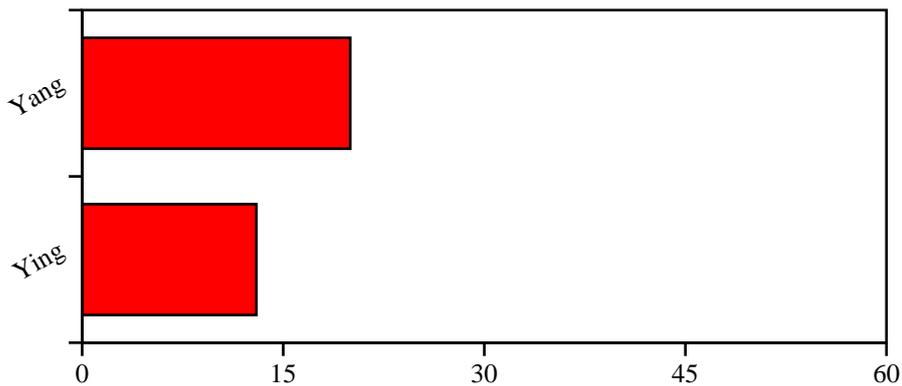
sampleH0b(...)

Make a pathologic bar chart with only ONE data item.

Example

```
def sampleH0b():
    "Make a pathologic bar chart with only ONE data item."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(42,)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 50
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'se'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Jan-99']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
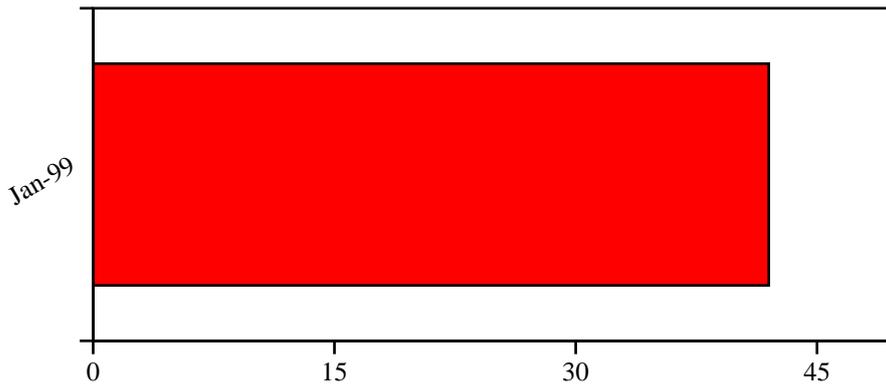
sampleH0c(...)

Make a really pathologic bar chart with NO data items at all!

Example

```
def sampleH0c():
    "Make a really pathologic bar chart with NO data items at all!"
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [()]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'se'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = []
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
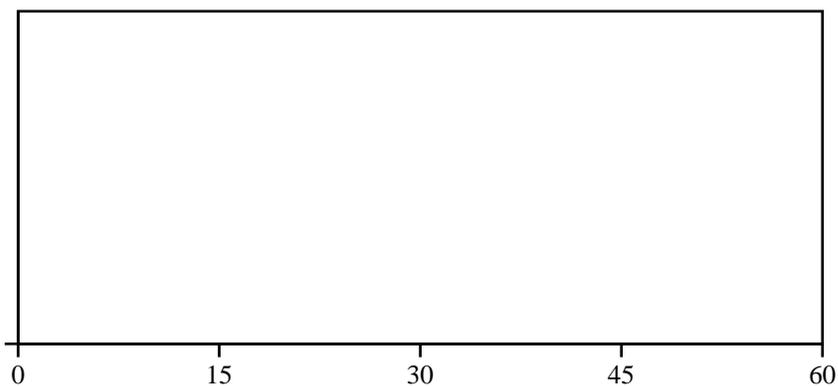
sampleH1(...)

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleH1():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
            (14, 6, 21, 23, 38, 46, 20, 5)
            ]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    catNames = map(lambda n:n+'-99', catNames)
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
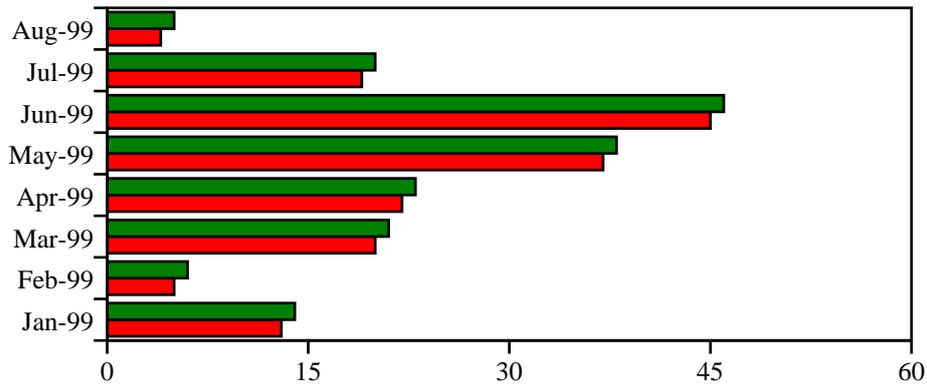
sampleH2a(...)

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleH2a():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.2),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 6.8)
            ]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 80
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'    # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.valueAxis.configure(bc.data)
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = -150
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
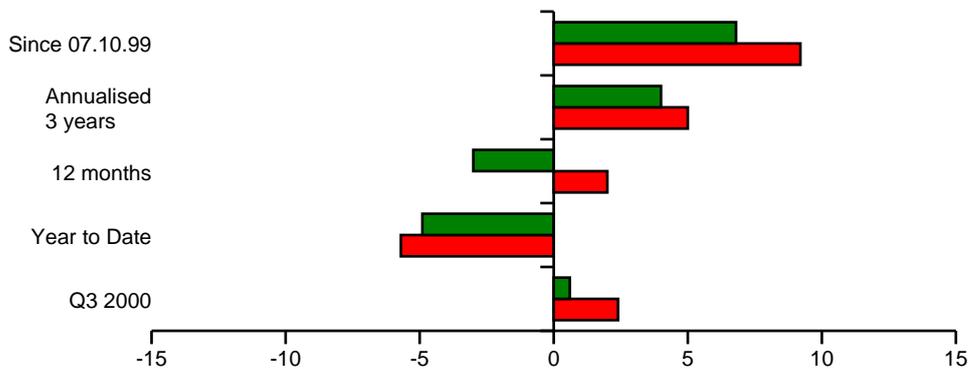
sampleH2b(...)

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleH2b():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.2),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 6.8)
            ]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 80
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 5
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'    # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = -150
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

sampleH2c(...)

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleH2c():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.99),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 9.99)
            ]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 80
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 2
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = -150
    bc.barLabels.nudge = 10
    bc.barLabelFormat = '%0.2f'
    bc.barLabels.dx = 0
    bc.barLabels.dy = 0
    bc.barLabels.boxAnchor = 'n'  # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.barLabels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.barLabels.fontSize = 6
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
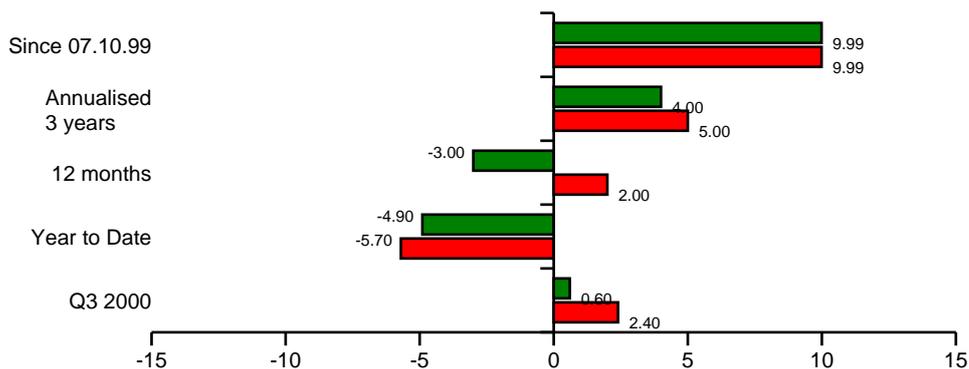
sampleH3(...)

A really horizontal bar chart (compared to the equivalent faked one).

Example

```
def sampleH3():
    "A really horizontal bar chart (compared to the equivalent faked one)."
    names = ("UK Equities", "US Equities", "European Equities", "Japanese Equities",
                 "Pacific (ex Japan) Equities", "Emerging Markets Equities",
                 "UK Bonds", "Overseas Bonds", "UK Index-Linked", "Cash")
    series1 = (-1.5, 0.3, 0.5, 1.0, 0.8, 0.7, 0.4, 0.1, 1.0, 0.3)
    series2 = (0.0, 0.33, 0.55, 1.1, 0.88, 0.77, 0.44, 0.11, 1.10, 0.33)
    assert len(names) == len(series1), "bad data"
    assert len(names) == len(series2), "bad data"
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 100
    bc.y = 20
    bc.height = 150
    bc.width = 250
    bc.data = (series1,)
    bc.bars.fillColor = colors.green
    bc.barLabelFormat = '%0.2f'
    bc.barLabels.dx = 0
    bc.barLabels.dy = 0
    bc.barLabels.boxAnchor = 'w' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.barLabels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.barLabels.fontSize = 6
    bc.barLabels.nudge = 10
    bc.valueAxis.visible = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -2
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +2
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 1
    bc.categoryAxis.tickLeft = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.tickRight = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = names
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'w'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = -170
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 6
    g = Group(bc)
    drawing.add(g)
    return drawing
```
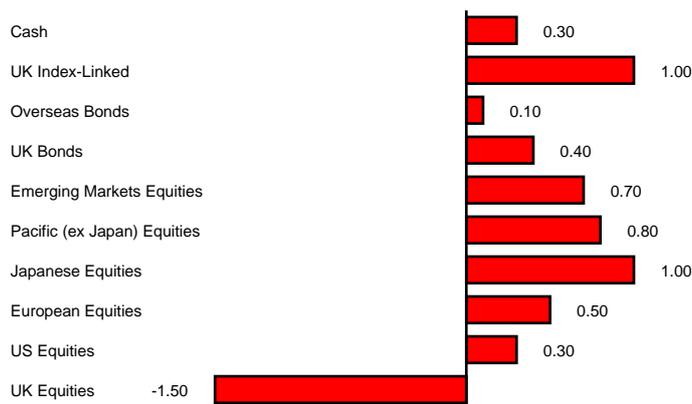
sampleH4a(...)

A bar chart showing value axis region starting at *exactly* zero.

Example

```
def sampleH4a():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting at *exactly* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
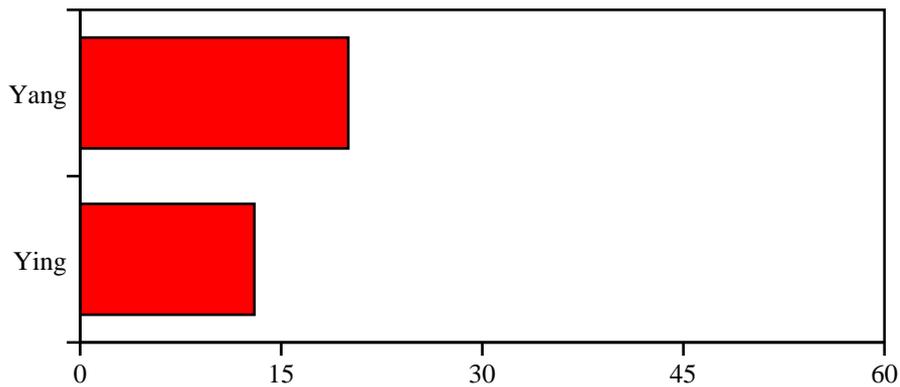
sampleH4b(...)

A bar chart showing value axis region starting *below* zero.

Example

```
def sampleH4b():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting *below* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
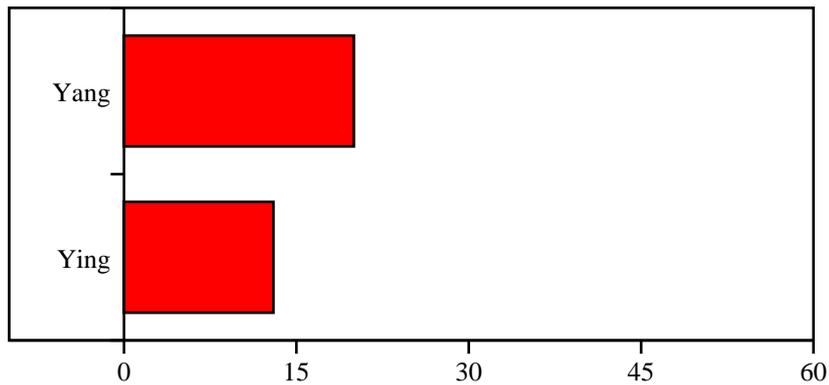
sampleH4c(...)

A bar chart showing value axis region starting *above* zero.

Example

```
def sampleH4c():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting *above* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
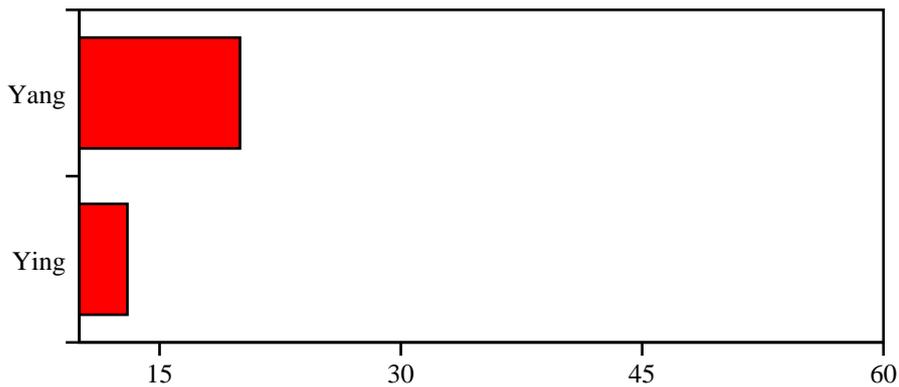
sampleH4d(...)

A bar chart showing value axis region entirely *below* zero.

Example

```
def sampleH4d():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region entirely *below* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(-13, -20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -30
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = -10
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
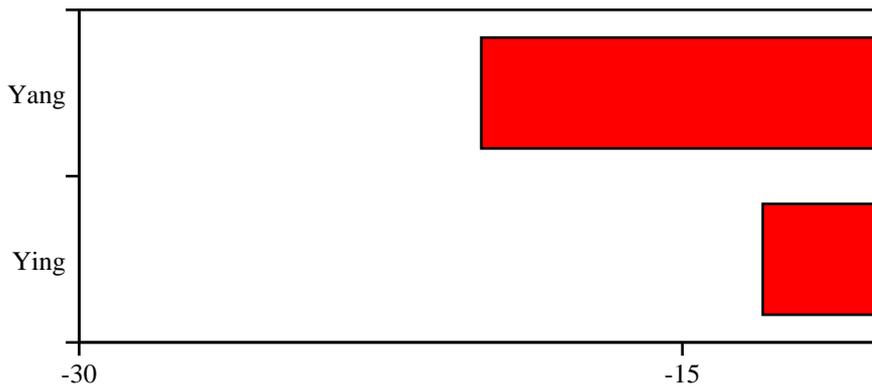
sampleH5a(...)

A simple bar chart with no expressed spacing attributes.

Example

```
def sampleH5a():
    "A simple bar chart with no expressed spacing attributes."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
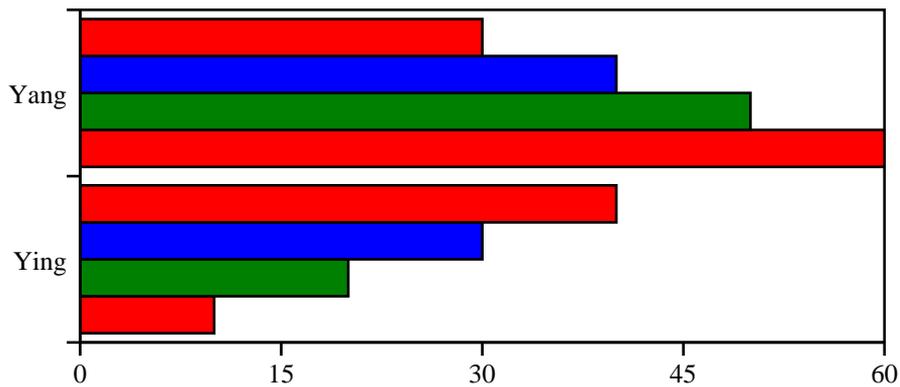
sampleH5b(...)

A simple bar chart with proportional spacing.

Example

```
def sampleH5b():
    "A simple bar chart with proportional spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 0
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
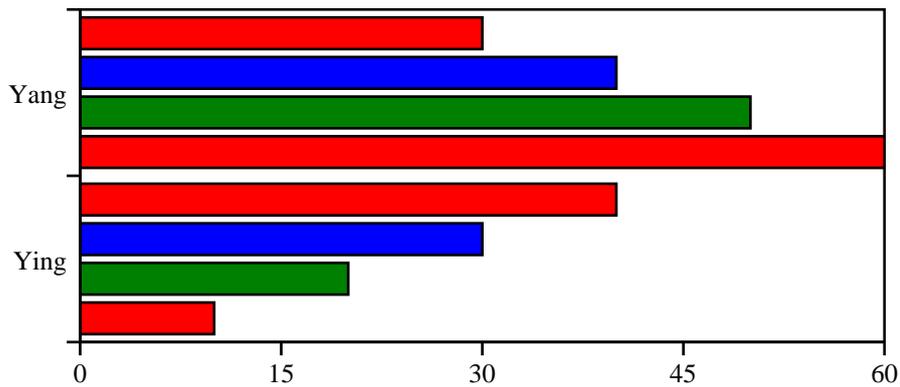
sampleH5c1(...)

A simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleH5c1():
    "A simple bar chart with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 0
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
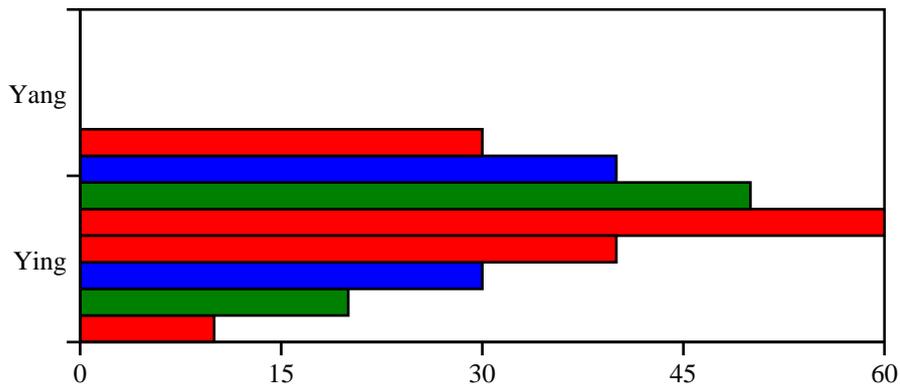
sampleH5c2(...)

Simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleH5c2():
    "Simple bar chart with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
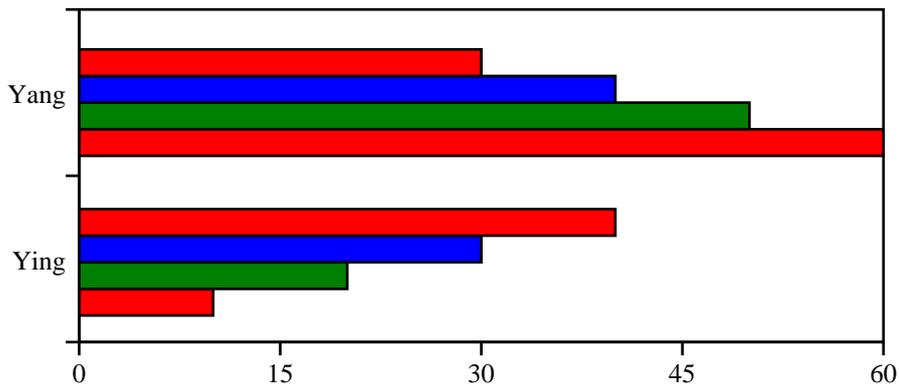
sampleH5c3(...)

Simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleH5c3():
    "Simple bar chart with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 20
    bc.height = 155
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 0
    bc.barSpacing = 2
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
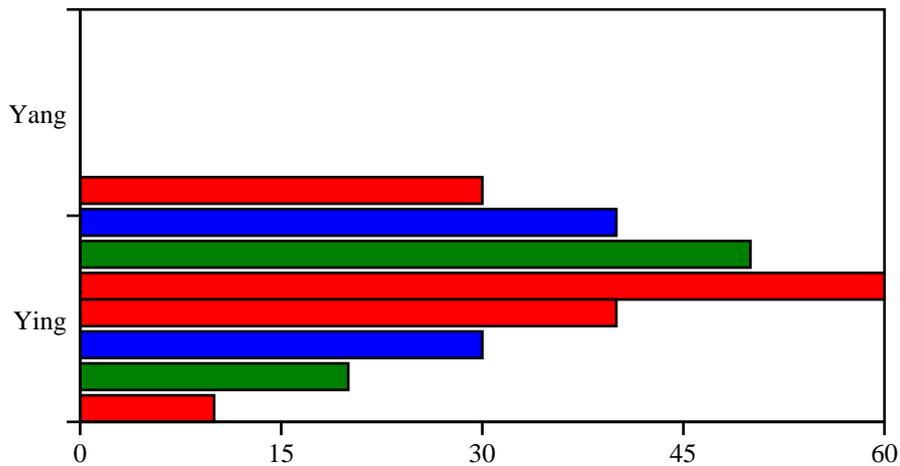
sampleH5c4(...)

Simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleH5c4():
    "Simple bar chart with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
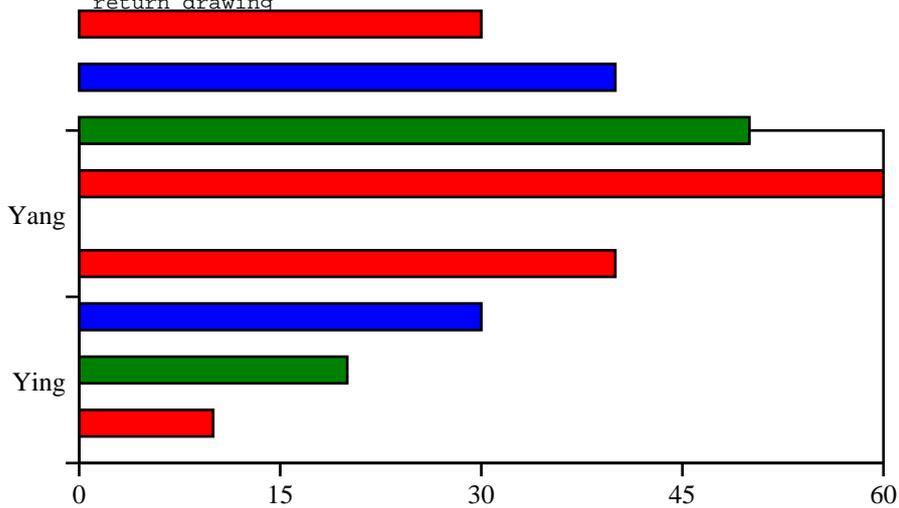
sampleStacked1(...)

Simple bar chart using symbol attribute.

Example

```
def sampleStacked1():
    "Simple bar chart using symbol attribute."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.categoryAxis.style = 'stacked'
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    from reportlab.graphics.widgets.grids import ShadedRect
    bc.bars.symbol = ShadedRect()
    bc.bars.symbol.fillColorStart = colors.red
    bc.bars.symbol.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    bc.bars.symbol.orientation = 'vertical'
    bc.bars.symbol.cylinderMode = 1
    bc.bars.symbol.strokeWidth = 0
    bc.bars[1].symbol = ShadedRect()
    bc.bars[1].symbol.fillColorStart = colors.magenta
    bc.bars[1].symbol.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    bc.bars[1].symbol.orientation = 'vertical'
    bc.bars[1].symbol.cylinderMode = 1
    bc.bars[1].symbol.strokeWidth = 0
    bc.bars[2].symbol = ShadedRect()
    bc.bars[2].symbol.fillColorStart = colors.green
    bc.bars[2].symbol.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    bc.bars[2].symbol.orientation = 'vertical'
    bc.bars[2].symbol.cylinderMode = 1
    bc.bars[2].symbol.strokeWidth = 0
    bc.bars[3].symbol = ShadedRect()
    bc.bars[3].symbol.fillColorStart = colors.blue
    bc.bars[3].symbol.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    bc.bars[3].symbol.orientation = 'vertical'
    bc.bars[3].symbol.cylinderMode = 1
    bc.bars[3].symbol.strokeWidth = 0
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
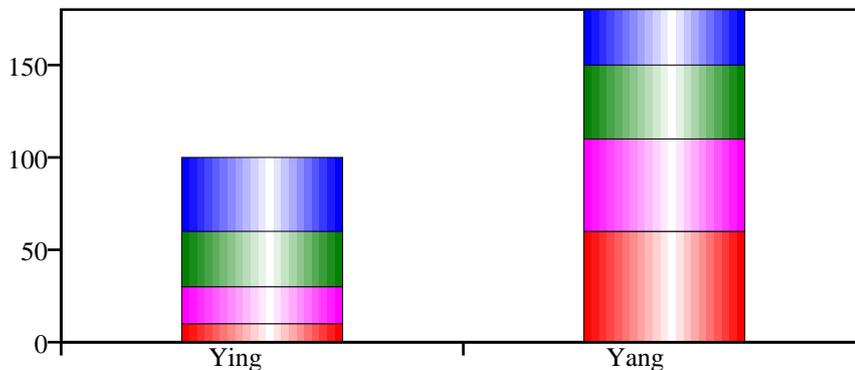
sampleSymbol1(...)

Simple bar chart using symbol attribute.

Example

```
def sampleSymbol1():
    "Simple bar chart using symbol attribute."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 15
    bc.barSpacing = 3
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    from reportlab.graphics.widgets.grids import ShadedRect
    sym1 = ShadedRect()
    sym1.fillColorStart = colors.black
    sym1.fillColorEnd = colors.blue
    sym1.orientation = 'horizontal'
    sym1.strokeWidth = 0
    sym2 = ShadedRect()
    sym2.fillColorStart = colors.black
    sym2.fillColorEnd = colors.pink
    sym2.orientation = 'horizontal'
    sym2.strokeWidth = 0
    sym3 = ShadedRect()
    sym3.fillColorStart = colors.blue
    sym3.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    sym3.orientation = 'vertical'
    sym3.cylinderMode = 1
    sym3.strokeWidth = 0
    bc.bars.symbol = sym1
    bc.bars[2].symbol = sym2
    bc.bars[3].symbol = sym3
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
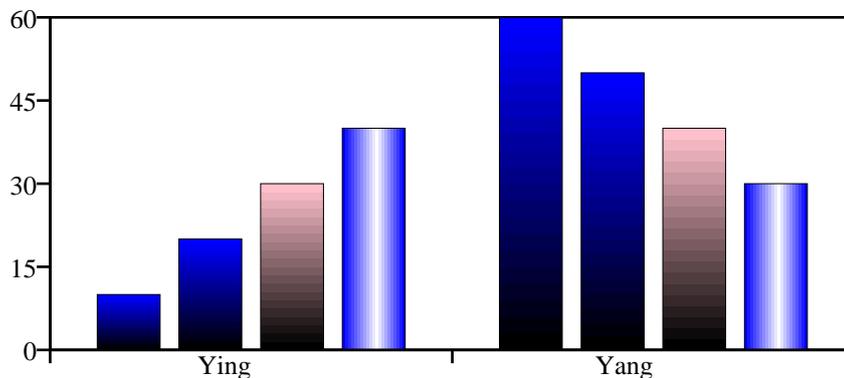
sampleV0a(...)

A slightly pathologic bar chart with only TWO data items.

Example

```
def sampleV0a():
    "A slightly pathologic bar chart with only TWO data items."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -2
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
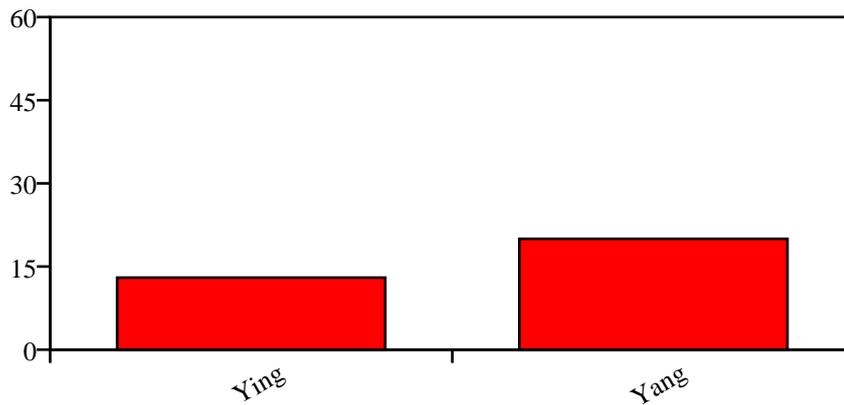
sampleV0b(...)

A pathologic bar chart with only ONE data item.

Example

```
def sampleV0b():
    "A pathologic bar chart with only ONE data item."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(42,)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 50
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -2
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Jan-99']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
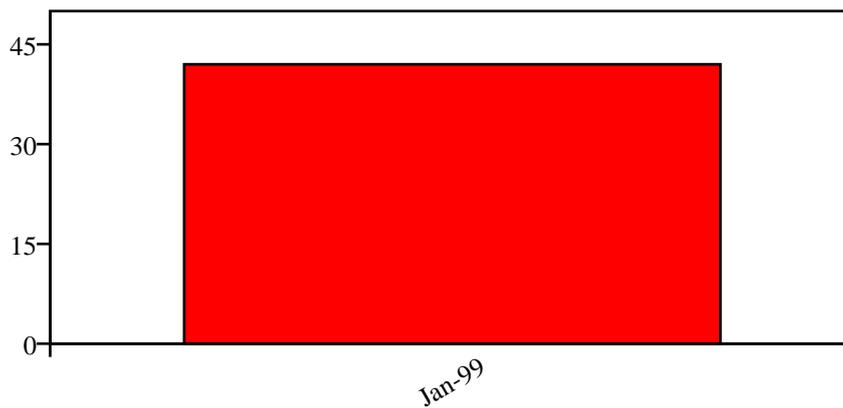
sampleV0c(...)

A really pathologic bar chart with NO data items at all!

Example

```
def sampleV0c():
    "A really pathologic bar chart with NO data items at all!"
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [()]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -2
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = []
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
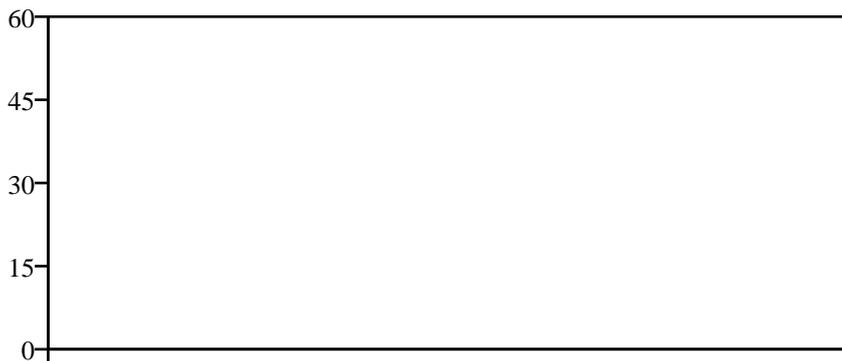
sampleV1(...)

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleV1():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
            (14, 6, 21, 23, 38, 46, 20, 5)
            ]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -2
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    catNames = map(lambda n:n+'-99', catNames)
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
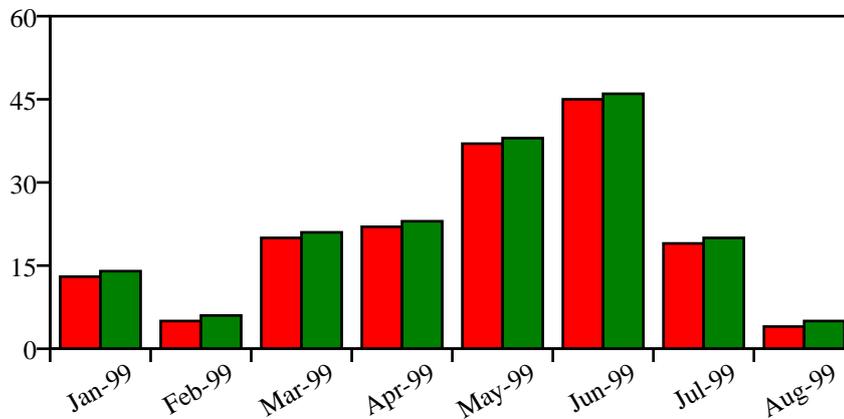
sampleV2a(...)

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleV2a():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.2),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 6.8)
            ]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'    # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -60
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

sampleV2b(...)

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleV2b():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.2),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 6.8)
            ]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 5
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'    # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -60
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

sampleV2c(...)

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleV2c():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.99),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 9.99)
            ]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 2
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -60
    bc.barLabels.nudge = 10
    bc.barLabelFormat = '%0.2f'
    bc.barLabels.dx = 0
    bc.barLabels.dy = 0
    bc.barLabels.boxAnchor = 'n'  # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.barLabels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.barLabels.fontSize = 6
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
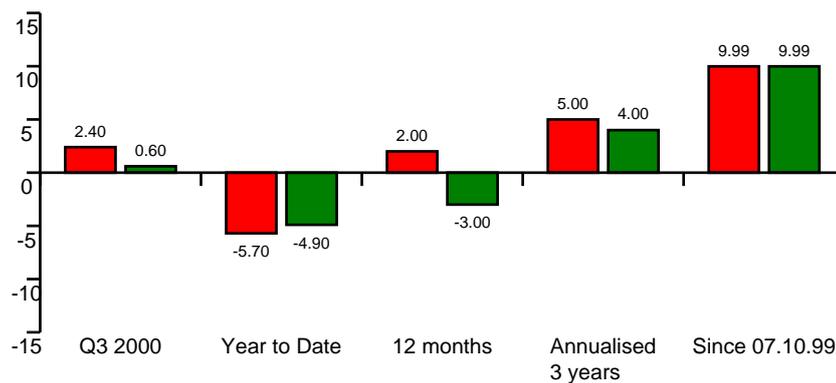
sampleV3(...)

Faked horizontal bar chart using a vertical real one (deprecated).

Example

```
def sampleV3():
    "Faked horizontal bar chart using a vertical real one (deprecated)."
    names = ("UK Equities", "US Equities", "European Equities", "Japanese Equities",
             "Pacific (ex Japan) Equities", "Emerging Markets Equities",
             "UK Bonds", "Overseas Bonds", "UK Index-Linked", "Cash")
    series1 = (-1.5, 0.3, 0.5, 1.0, 0.8, 0.7, 0.4, 0.1, 1.0, 0.3)
    series2 = (0.0, 0.33, 0.55, 1.1, 0.88, 0.77, 0.44, 0.11, 1.10, 0.33)
    assert len(names) == len(series1), "bad data"
    assert len(names) == len(series2), "bad data"
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 0
    bc.y = 0
    bc.height = 100
    bc.width = 150
    bc.data = (series1,)
    bc.bars.fillColor = colors.green
    bc.barLabelFormat = '%0.2f'
    bc.barLabels.dx = 0
    bc.barLabels.dy = 0
    bc.barLabels.boxAnchor = 'w' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.barLabels.angle = 90
    bc.barLabels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.barLabels.fontSize = 6
    bc.barLabels.nudge = 10
    bc.valueAxis.visible = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -2
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +2
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 1
    bc.categoryAxis.tickUp = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.tickDown = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = names
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 90
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'w'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -125
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 6
    g = Group(bc)
    g.translate(100, 175)
    g.rotate(-90)
    drawing.add(g)
    return drawing
```
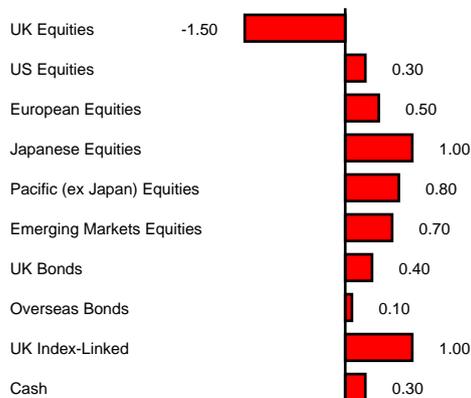
sampleV4a(...)

A bar chart showing value axis region starting at *exactly* zero.

Example

```
def sampleV4a():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting at *exactly* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
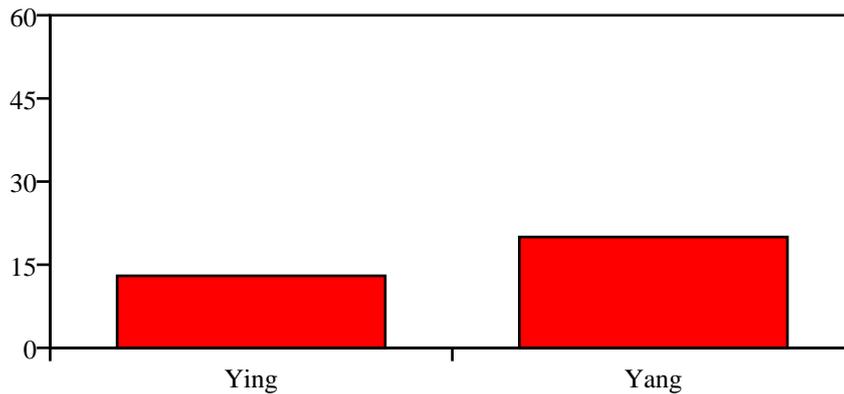
sampleV4b(...)

A bar chart showing value axis region starting *below* zero.

Example

```
def sampleV4b():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting *below* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
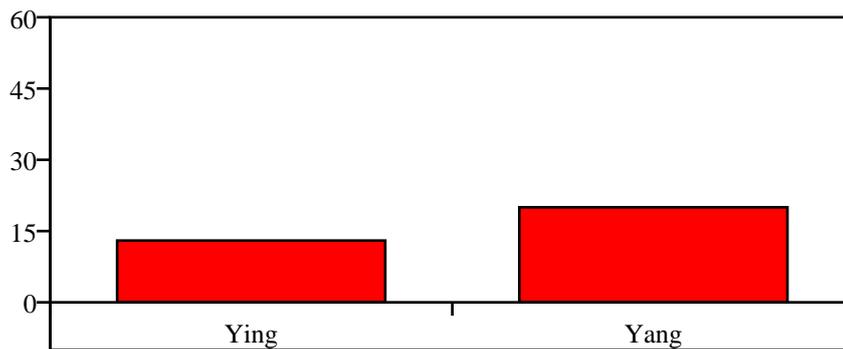
sampleV4c(...)

A bar chart showing value axis region staring *above* zero.

Example

```
def sampleV4c():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region staring *above* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
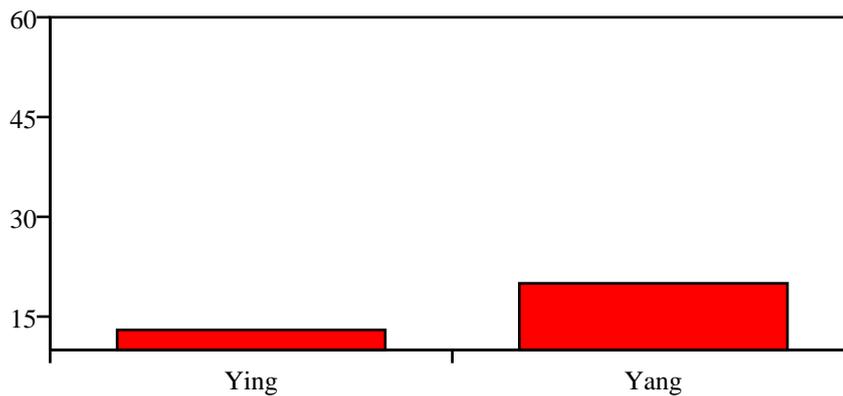
sampleV4d(...)

A bar chart showing value axis region entirely *below* zero.

Example

```
def sampleV4d():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region entirely *below* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(-13, -20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -30
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = -10
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
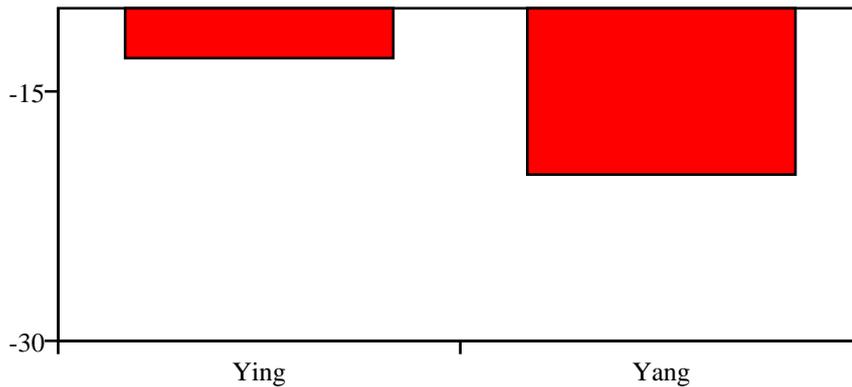
sampleV5a(...)

A simple bar chart with no expressed spacing attributes.

Example

```
def sampleV5a():
    "A simple bar chart with no expressed spacing attributes."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
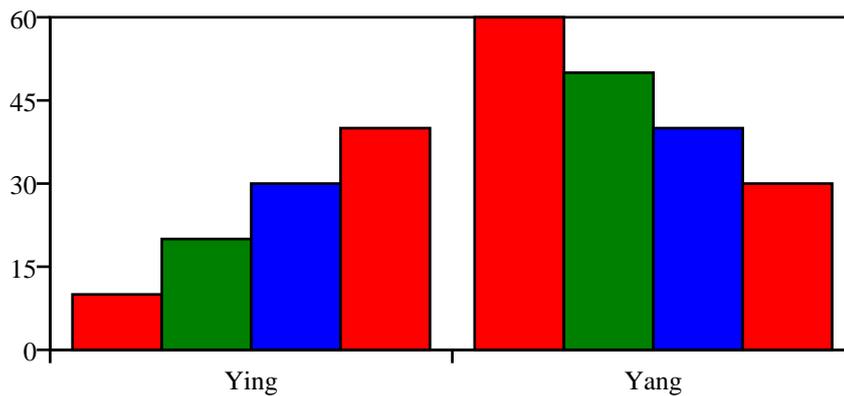
sampleV5b(...)

A simple bar chart with proportional spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5b():
    "A simple bar chart with proportional spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 0
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
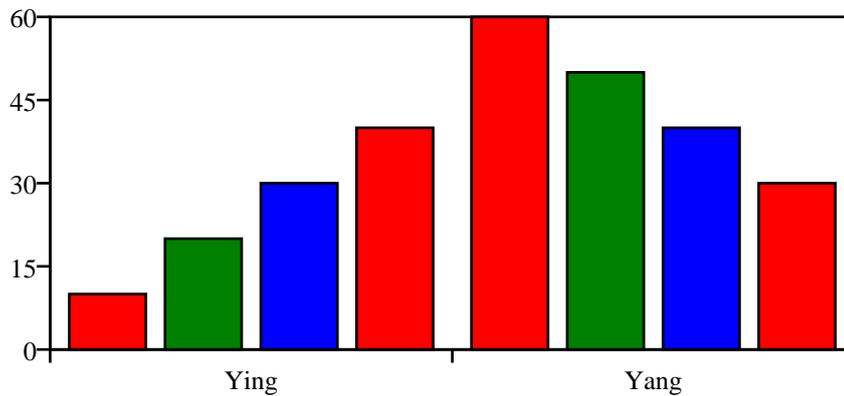
sampleV5c1(...)

Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5c1():
    "Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 0
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
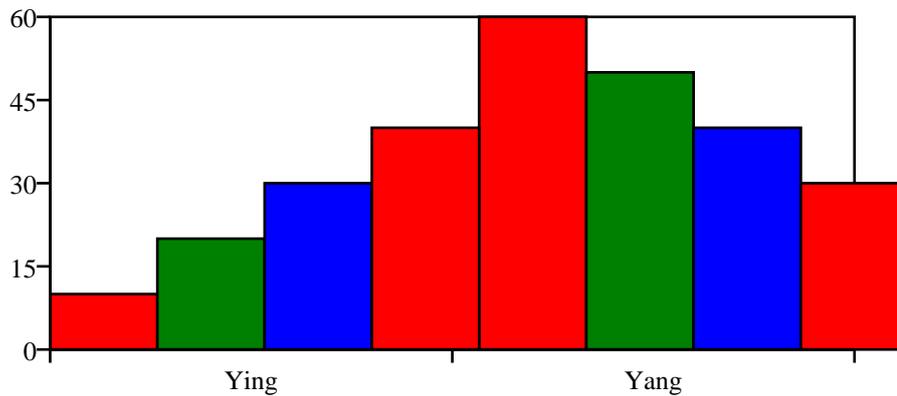
sampleV5c2(...)

Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5c2():
    "Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
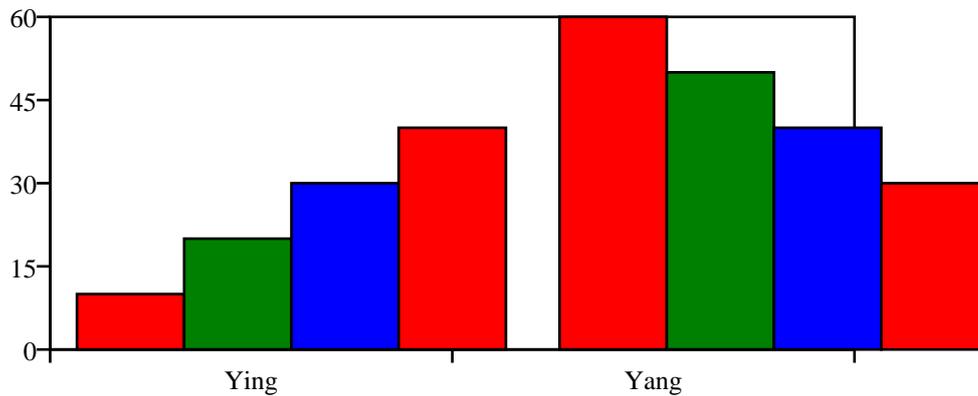
`sampleV5c3( ... )`

Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5c3():
    "Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 0
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
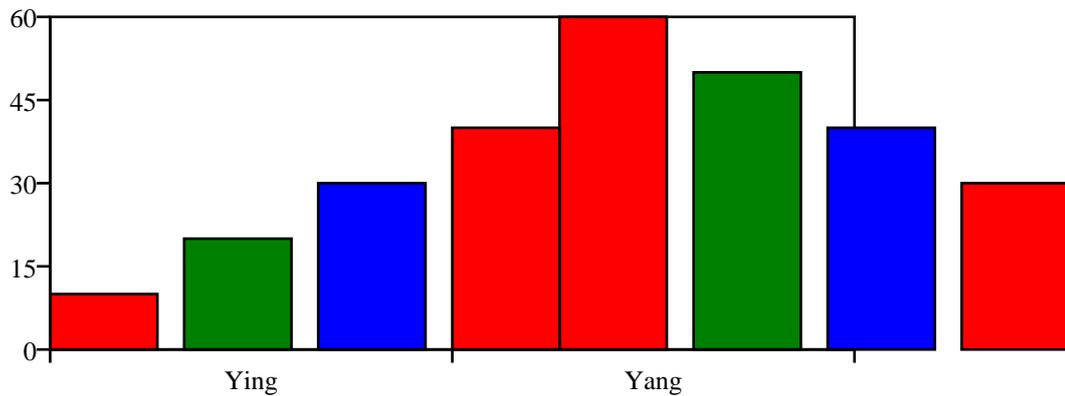
sampleV5c4(...)

Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5c4():
    "Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```
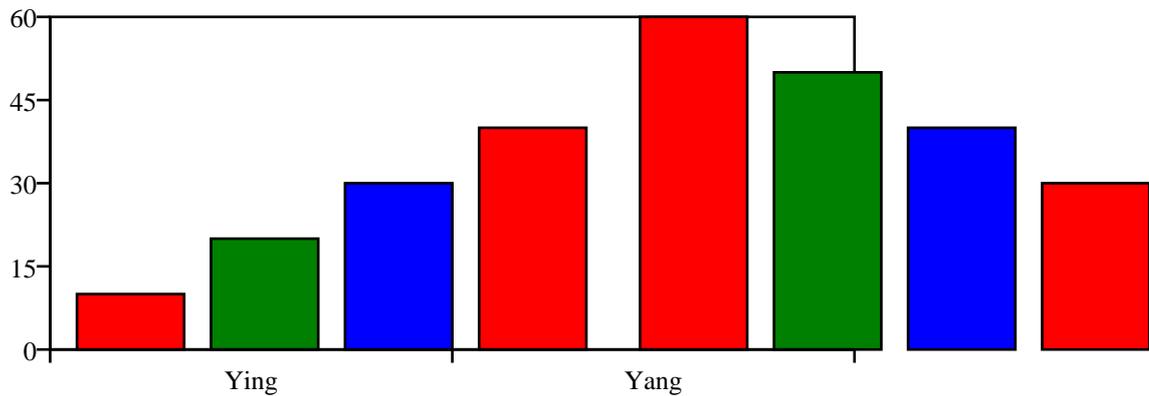
legends

This will be a collection of legends to be used with charts.

Classes

Legend(Widget)

A simple legend containing rectangular swatches and strings.

The swatches are filled rectangles whenever the respective color object in 'colorNamePairs' is a subclass of Color in reportlab.lib.colors. Otherwise the object passed instead is assumed to have 'x', 'y', 'width' and 'height' attributes.
A legend then tries to set them or catches any error. This lets you plug-in any widget you like as a replacement for the default rectangular swatches.

Strings can be nicely aligned left or right to the swatches.

Public Attributes

alignment Alignment of text with respect to swatches

autoXPadding x Padding between columns if deltax=None

autoYPadding y Padding between rows if deltay=None

callout a user callout(self,g,x,y,(color,text))

colorNamePairs List of color/name tuples (color can also be widget)

columnMaximum Max. number of items per column

deltax x-distance between neighbouring swatches

deltay y-distance between neighbouring swatches

dx Width of swatch rectangle

dxTextSpace Distance between swatch rectangle and text

dy Height of swatch rectangle

fillColor

fontName Font name of the strings

fontSize Font size of the strings

strokeColor Border color of the swatches

strokeWidth Width of the border color of the swatches

x x-coordinate of upper-left reference point

y y-coordinate of upper-left reference point

Example
```
def demo(self):
    "Make sample legend."
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    legend = Legend()
```

```
                    legend.alignment = 'left'
                    legend.x = 0
                    legend.y = 100
                    legend.dxTextSpace = 5
                    items = string.split('red green blue yellow pink black white', ' ')
                    items = map(lambda i:(getattr(colors, i), i), items)
                    legend.colorNamePairs = items
                    d.add(legend, 'legend')
                    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
        alignment = 'left'
        autoXPadding = 5
        autoYPadding = 2
        colorNamePairs = [(Color(1,0,0), 'red'),
                        (Color(0,0,1), 'blue'),
                        (Color(0,.501961,0), 'green'),
                        (Color(1,.752941,.796078), 'pink'),
                        (Color(1,1,0), 'yellow')]
        columnMaximum = 3
        deltax = 75
        deltay = 20
        dx = 10
        dxTextSpace = 10
        dy = 10
        fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
        fontName = 'Times-Roman'
        fontSize = 10
        strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
        strokeWidth = 1
        x = 0
        y = 0
```

Functions

`sample1c( ... )`

Make sample legend.

Example

```
def sample1c():
    "Make sample legend."
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    legend = Legend()
    legend.alignment = 'right'
    legend.x = 0
    legend.y = 100
    legend.dxTextSpace = 5
    items = string.split('red green blue yellow pink black white', ' ')
    items = map(lambda i:(getattr(colors, i), i), items)
    legend.colorNamePairs = items
    d.add(legend, 'legend')
    return d
```

red   yellow   white

green   pink

blue   black

sample2c(...)

Make sample legend.

Example

```
def sample2c():
    "Make sample legend."
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    legend = Legend()
    legend.alignment = 'right'
    legend.x = 20
    legend.y = 90
    legend.deltax = 60
    legend.dxTextSpace = 10
    legend.columnMaximum = 4
    items = string.split('red green blue yellow pink black white', ' ')
    items = map(lambda i:(getattr(colors, i), i), items)
    legend.colorNamePairs = items
    d.add(legend, 'legend')
    return d
```

red   pink

green   black

blue   white

yellow
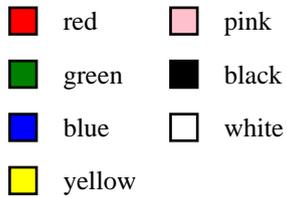
`linecharts`

This modules defines a very preliminary Line Chart example.

Classes

`HorizontalLineChart(LineChart)`

Line chart with multiple lines.

A line chart is assumed to have one category and one value axis.
Despite its generic name this particular line chart class has
a vertical value axis and a horizontal category one. It may
evolve into individual horizontal and vertical variants (like
with the existing bar charts).

Available attributes are:

    x: x-position of lower-left chart origin
    y: y-position of lower-left chart origin
    width: chart width
    height: chart height

    useAbsolute: disables auto-scaling of chart elements (?)
    lineLabelNudge: distance of data labels to data points
    lineLabels: labels associated with data values
    lineLabelFormat: format string or callback function
    groupSpacing: space between categories

    joinedLines: enables drawing of lines

    strokeColor: color of chart lines (?)
    fillColor: color for chart background (?)
    lines: style list, used cyclically for data series

    valueAxis: value axis object
    categoryAxis: category axis object
    categoryNames: category names

    data: chart data, a list of data series of equal length

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

categoryNames List of category names.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

groupSpacing ? - Likely to disappear.

height Height of the chart.

joinedLines Display data points joined with lines if true.

lineLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for data point labels.

lineLabelNudge Distance between a data point and its label.

lineLabels Handle to the list of data point labels.

lines Handle of the lines.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a line chart."""
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    data = [
            (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
            (14, 10, 21, 28, 38, 46, 25, 5)
            ]
    lc = HorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 20
    lc.y = 10
    lc.height = 85
    lc.width = 170
    lc.data = data
    lc.lines.symbol = makeMarker('Circle')
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```


Properties of Example Widget

```
background = None
categoryAxis.categoryNames = None
categoryAxis.gridEnd = 0
categoryAxis.gridStart = 0
categoryAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
categoryAxis.joinAxis = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisMode = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisPos = None
categoryAxis.labelAxisMode = 'axis'
categoryAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86827ac>
categoryAxis.reverseDirection = 0
categoryAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.strokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.strokeWidth = 1
```

```
categoryAxis.style = 'parallel'
categoryAxis.tickDown = 5
categoryAxis.tickUp = 0
categoryAxis.visible = 1
categoryAxis.visibleAxis = 1
categoryAxis.visibleGrid = 0
categoryAxis.visibleTicks = 1
categoryNames = ('North', 'South', 'East', 'West')
data = [(100, 110, 120, 130), (70, 80, 80, 90)]
debug = 0
fillColor = None
groupSpacing = 1
height = 85
joinedLines = 1
lineLabelFormat = None
lineLabelNudge = 10
lineLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86828cc>
lines = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x868288c>
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 1
useAbsolute = 0
valueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
valueAxis.forceZero = 0
valueAxis.gridEnd = 0
valueAxis.gridStart = 0
valueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
valueAxis.joinAxis = None
valueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
valueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
valueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
valueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x868280c>
valueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
valueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
valueAxis.rangeRound = 'none'
valueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
valueAxis.tickLeft = 5
valueAxis.tickRight = 0
valueAxis.valueMax = None
valueAxis.valueMin = None
valueAxis.valueStep = None
valueAxis.visible = 1
valueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
valueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
valueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

LineChart(PlotArea)

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

height Height of the chart.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    msg = "demo() must be implemented for each Widget!"
    raise shapes.NotImplementedError, msg
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
background = None
debug = 0
fillColor = None
height = 85
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

`SampleHorizontalLineChart(HorizontalLineChart)`

Sample class overwriting one method to draw additional horizontal lines.

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

categoryNames List of category names.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

groupSpacing ? - Likely to disappear.

height Height of the chart.

joinedLines Display data points joined with lines if true.

lineLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for data point labels.

lineLabelNudge Distance between a data point and its label.

lineLabels Handle to the list of data point labels.

lines Handle of the lines.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a line chart."""
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    data = [
            (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
            (14, 10, 21, 28, 38, 46, 25, 5)
            ]
    lc = SampleHorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 20
    lc.y = 10
    lc.height = 85
    lc.width = 170
    lc.data = data
    lc.strokeColor = colors.white
    lc.fillColor = colors.HexColor(0xCCCCCC)
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
background = None
categoryAxis.categoryNames = None
categoryAxis.gridEnd = 0
categoryAxis.gridStart = 0
categoryAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
categoryAxis.joinAxis = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisMode = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisPos = None
categoryAxis.labelAxisMode = 'axis'
categoryAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86a364c>
categoryAxis.reverseDirection = 0
categoryAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.strokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.strokeWidth = 1
categoryAxis.style = 'parallel'
categoryAxis.tickDown = 5
categoryAxis.tickUp = 0
categoryAxis.visible = 1
categoryAxis.visibleAxis = 1
categoryAxis.visibleGrid = 0
categoryAxis.visibleTicks = 1
categoryNames = ('North', 'South', 'East', 'West')
data = [(100, 110, 120, 130), (70, 80, 80, 90)]
debug = 0
fillColor = None
groupSpacing = 1
height = 85
joinedLines = 1
lineLabelFormat = None
lineLabelNudge = 10
lineLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86a378c>
lines = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86a374c>
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 1
useAbsolute = 0
valueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
valueAxis.forceZero = 0
valueAxis.gridEnd = 0
valueAxis.gridStart = 0
valueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
valueAxis.joinAxis = None
valueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
valueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
valueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
valueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86a36ec>
valueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
valueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
valueAxis.rangeRound = 'none'
valueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
valueAxis.tickLeft = 5
valueAxis.tickRight = 0
valueAxis.valueMax = None
valueAxis.valueMin = None
valueAxis.valueStep = None
valueAxis.visible = 1
valueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
```

```
valueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
valueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

`VerticalLineChart(LineChart)`

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

height Height of the chart.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    msg = "demo() must be implemented for each Widget!"
    raise shapes.NotImplementedError, msg
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
background = None
debug = 0
fillColor = None
height = 85
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

Functions

sample1(...)

Example

```
def sample1():
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
            (5, 20, 46, 38, 23, 21, 6, 14)
            ]
    lc = HorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 50
    lc.y = 50
    lc.height = 125
    lc.width = 300
    lc.data = data
    lc.joinedLines = 1
    lc.lines.symbol = makeMarker('FilledDiamond')
    lc.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    lc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    lc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    lc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    lc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```
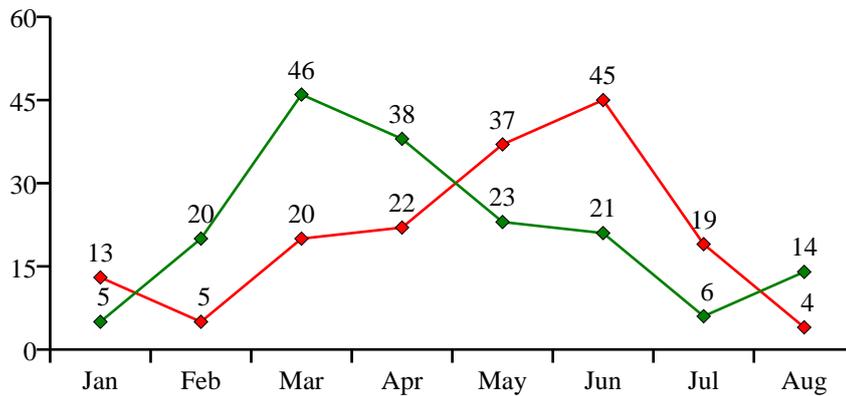
sample1a(...)

Example

```
def sample1a():
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
            (5, 20, 46, 38, 23, 21, 6, 14)
            ]
    lc = SampleHorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 50
    lc.y = 50
    lc.height = 125
    lc.width = 300
    lc.data = data
    lc.joinedLines = 1
    lc.strokeColor = colors.white
    lc.fillColor = colors.HexColor(0xCCCCCC)
    lc.lines.symbol = makeMarker('FilledDiamond')
    lc.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    lc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    lc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    lc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    lc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```
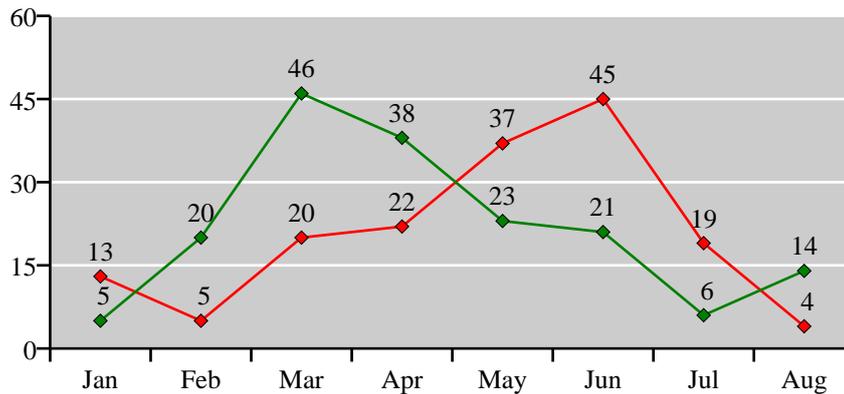
sample2(...)

Example

```
def sample2():
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
            (5, 20, 46, 38, 23, 21, 6, 14)
            ]
    lc = HorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 50
    lc.y = 50
    lc.height = 125
    lc.width = 300
    lc.data = data
    lc.joinedLines = 1
    lc.lines.symbol = makeMarker('Smiley')
    lc.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lc.strokeColor = colors.black
    lc.fillColor = colors.lightblue
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    lc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    lc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    lc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    lc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```
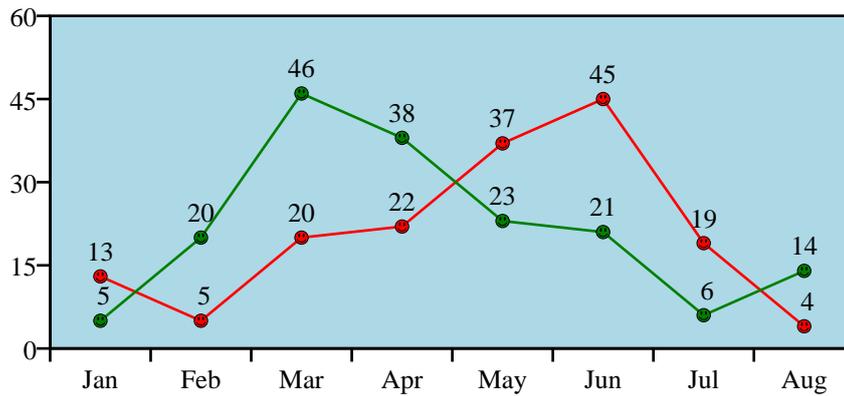
sample3(...)

Example

```
def sample3():
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
            (5, 20, 46, 38, 23, 21, 6, 14)
            ]
    lc = HorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 50
    lc.y = 50
    lc.height = 125
    lc.width = 300
    lc.data = data
    lc.joinedLines = 1
    lc.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lc.strokeColor = colors.black
    lc.lines[0].symbol = makeMarker('Smiley')
    lc.lines[1].symbol = NoEntry
    lc.lines[0].strokeWidth = 2
    lc.lines[1].strokeWidth = 4
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    lc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    lc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    lc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    lc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```
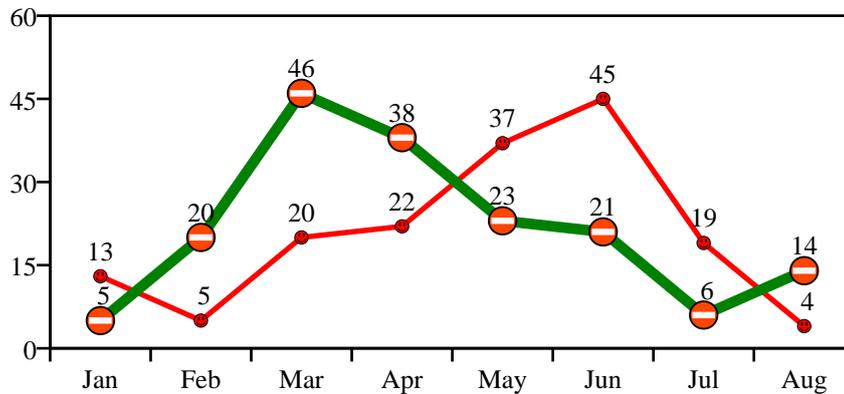
lineplots

This module defines a very preliminary Line Plot example.

Classes

GridLinePlot(LinePlot)

A customized version of LinePlot.
It uses NormalDateXValueAxis() and AdjYValueAxis() for the X and Y axes.
The chart has a default grid background with thin horizontal lines
aligned with the tickmarks (and labels). You can change the back-
ground to be any Grid or ShadedRect, or scale the whole chart.
If you do provide a background, you can specify the colours of the
stripes with 'background.stripeColors'.

Public Attributes

background Background for chart area (now Grid or ShadedRect).

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) x/y tuples.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color used for background interior of plot area.

height Height of the chart.

joinedLines Display data points joined with lines if true.

lineLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for data point labels.

lineLabelNudge Distance between a data point and its label.

lineLabels Handle to the list of data point labels.

lines Handle of the lines.

reversePlotOrder If true reverse plot order.

scaleFactor Scalefactor to apply to whole drawing.

strokeColor Color used for background border of plot area.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

xValueAxis Handle of the x axis.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

yValueAxis Handle of the y axis.

Example

```
def demo(self,drawing=None):
    from reportlab.lib import colors
    if not drawing:
        drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    lp = AdjLinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
```

```
                        lp.width = 300
                        lp.data = _monthlyIndexData
                        lp.joinedLines = 1
                        lp.strokeColor = colors.black
                        c0 = colors.PCMYKColor(100,65,0,30, spotName='PANTONE 288 CV', density=100)
                        lp.lines[0].strokeColor = c0
                        lp.lines[0].strokeWidth = 2
                        lp.lines[0].strokeDashArray = None
                        c1 = colors.PCMYKColor(0,79,91,0, spotName='PANTONE Wm Red CV', density=100)
                        lp.lines[1].strokeColor = c1
                        lp.lines[1].strokeWidth = 1
                        lp.lines[1].strokeDashArray = [3,1]
                        lp.xValueAxis.labels.fontSize = 10
                        lp.xValueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'start'
                        lp.xValueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'w'
                        lp.xValueAxis.labels.angle = -45
                        lp.xValueAxis.labels.dx = 0
                        lp.xValueAxis.labels.dy = -8
                        lp.xValueAxis.xLabelFormat = '{mm}/{yy}'
                        lp.yValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%5d%% '
                        lp.yValueAxis.tickLeft = 5
                        lp.yValueAxis.labels.fontSize = 10
                        lp.background = Grid()
                        lp.background.stripeColors = [colors.pink, colors.lightblue]
                        lp.background.orientation = 'vertical'
                        drawing.add(lp,'plot')
                        return drawing
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
        background.delta = 20
        background.delta0 = 0
        background.deltaSteps = []
        background.fillColor = Color(1,1,1)
        background.height = 100
        background.orientation = 'horizontal'
        background.stripeColors = [Color(1,0,0), Color(0,.501961,0), Color(0,0,1)]
        background.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
        background.strokeWidth = 0.5
        background.useLines = 1
        background.useRects = 0
        background.width = 100
        background.x = 0
        background.y = 0
        data = [[(19971202, 100.0),
                (19971231, 100.1704367),
                (19980131, 101.5639577),
                (19980228, 102.1879927),
                (19980331, 101.6337257),
                (19980430, 102.76404460000001),
                (19980531, 102.9198038),
                (19980630, 103.25938789999999),
                (19980731, 103.2516421),
                (19980831, 105.4744329),
                (19980930, 109.3242705),
                (19981031, 111.98592910000001),
                (19981130, 110.9184642),
                (19981231, 110.9184642),
                (19990131, 111.9882532),
                (19990228, 109.7912614),
                (19990331, 110.24189629999999),
                (19990430, 110.42793210000001),
                (19990531, 109.33955469999999),
                (19990630, 108.23417480000001),
                (19990731, 110.21294469999999),
                (19990831, 110.9683062),
                (19990930, 112.4425371),
                (19991031, 112.7314032),
                (19991130, 112.3509645),
                (19991231, 112.3660659),
                (20000131, 110.92552480000001),
                (20000229, 110.5266306),
                (20000331, 113.3116101),
                (20000430, 111.0449133),
                (20000531, 111.70271700000001),
                (20000630, 113.5832178)],
```

```
                [(19971202, 100.0),
                 (19971231, 100.0),
                 (19980131, 100.8),
                 (19980228, 102.0),
                 (19980331, 101.90000000000001),
                 (19980430, 103.0),
                 (19980531, 103.0),
                 (19980630, 103.09999999999999),
                 (19980731, 103.09999999999999),
                 (19980831, 102.8),
                 (19980930, 105.59999999999999),
                 (19981031, 108.3),
                 (19981130, 108.09999999999999),
                 (19981231, 111.90000000000001),
                 (19990131, 113.09999999999999),
                 (19990228, 110.2),
                 (19990331, 111.8),
                 (19990430, 112.3),
                 (19990531, 110.09999999999999),
                 (19990630, 109.3),
                 (19990731, 111.2),
                 (19990831, 111.7),
                 (19990930, 112.59999999999999),
                 (19991031, 113.2),
                 (19991130, 113.90000000000001),
                 (19991231, 115.40000000000001),
                 (20000131, 112.7),
                 (20000229, 113.90000000000001),
                 (20000331, 115.8),
                 (20000430, 112.2),
                 (20000531, 112.59999999999999),
                 (20000630, 114.59999999999999)]]
        debug = 0
        fillColor = None
        height = 85
        joinedLines = 1
        lineLabelFormat = None
        lineLabelNudge = 10
        lineLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86c970c>
        lines = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86c96cc>
        reversePlotOrder = 0
        scaleFactor = None
        strokeColor = None
        strokeWidth = 1
        width = 180
        x = 20
        xValueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
        xValueAxis.bottomAxisLabelSlack = 0.10000000000000001
        xValueAxis.dailyFreq = 0
        xValueAxis.dayOfWeekName = ['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sund
        xValueAxis.forceEndDate = 0
        xValueAxis.forceFirstDate = 0
        xValueAxis.forceZero = 0
        xValueAxis.gridEnd = 0
        xValueAxis.gridStart = 0
        xValueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
        xValueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
        xValueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
        xValueAxis.joinAxis = None
        xValueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
        xValueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
        xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
        xValueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86c97ac>
        xValueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
        xValueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
        xValueAxis.monthName = ['January',
                                'February',
                                'March',
                                'April',
                                'May',
                                'June',
                                'July',
                                'August',
                                'September',
                                'October',
                                'November',
                                'December']
        xValueAxis.niceMonth = 1
        xValueAxis.rangeRound = 'none'
```

```
xValueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
xValueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
xValueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
xValueAxis.tickDown = 5
xValueAxis.tickUp = 0
xValueAxis.valueMax = None
xValueAxis.valueMin = None
xValueAxis.valueStep = None
xValueAxis.valueSteps = None
xValueAxis.visible = 1
xValueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
xValueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
xValueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
xValueAxis.xLabelFormat = '{mm}/{yy}'
y = 10
yValueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
yValueAxis.forceZero = 0
yValueAxis.gridEnd = 0
yValueAxis.gridStart = 0
yValueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
yValueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
yValueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
yValueAxis.joinAxis = None
yValueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
yValueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
yValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
yValueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86c95cc>
yValueAxis.leftAxisOrigShiftIPC = 0.14999999999999999
yValueAxis.leftAxisOrigShiftMin = 12
yValueAxis.leftAxisPercent = 1
yValueAxis.leftAxisSkipLL0 = 0
yValueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
yValueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
yValueAxis.rangeRound = 'none'
yValueAxis.requiredRange = 30
yValueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
yValueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
yValueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
yValueAxis.tickLeft = 5
yValueAxis.tickRight = 0
yValueAxis.valueMax = None
yValueAxis.valueMin = None
yValueAxis.valueStep = None
yValueAxis.valueSteps = None
yValueAxis.visible = 1
yValueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
yValueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
yValueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
```

LinePlot(PlotArea)

Line plot with multiple lines.

Both x- and y-axis are value axis (so there are no seperate
X and Y versions of this class).

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) x/y tuples.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color used for background interior of plot area.

height Height of the chart.

joinedLines Display data points joined with lines if true.

lineLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for data point labels.

lineLabelNudge Distance between a data point and its label.

lineLabels Handle to the list of data point labels.

lines Handle of the lines.

reversePlotOrder If true reverse plot order.

strokeColor Color used for background border of plot area.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

xValueAxis Handle of the x axis.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

yValueAxis Handle of the y axis.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a line chart."""
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        ((1,1), (2,2), (2.5,1), (3,3), (4,5)),
        ((1,2), (2,3), (2.5,2), (3.5,5), (4,6))
        ]
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    lp.lines[0].strokeColor = colors.red
    lp.lines[0].symbol = makeMarker('FilledCircle')
    lp.lines[1].strokeColor = colors.blue
    lp.lines[1].symbol = makeMarker('FilledDiamond')
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = 5
    lp.xValueAxis.valueStep = 1
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 0
```

```
                    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 7
                    lp.yValueAxis.valueStep = 1
                    drawing.add(lp)
                    return drawing
```
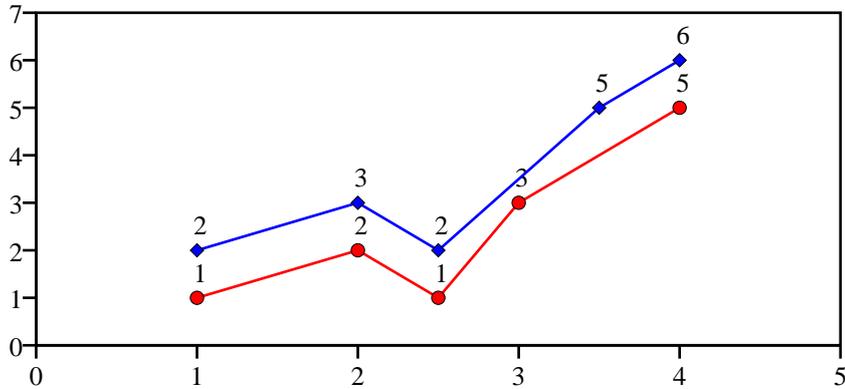

Properties of Example Widget

```
background = None
data = [((1, 1), (2, 2), (2.5, 1), (3, 3), (4, 5)),
        ((1, 2), (2, 3), (2.5, 2), (3, 4), (4, 6))]
debug = 0
fillColor = None
height = 85
joinedLines = 1
lineLabelFormat = None
lineLabelNudge = 10
lineLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86dd94c>
lines = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86dd90c>
reversePlotOrder = 0
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 1
width = 180
x = 20
xValueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
xValueAxis.forceZero = 0
xValueAxis.gridEnd = 0
xValueAxis.gridStart = 0
xValueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
xValueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
xValueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
xValueAxis.joinAxis = None
xValueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
xValueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
xValueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86dd84c>
xValueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
xValueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
xValueAxis.rangeRound = 'none'
xValueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
xValueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
xValueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
xValueAxis.tickDown = 5
xValueAxis.tickUp = 0
xValueAxis.valueMax = None
xValueAxis.valueMin = None
xValueAxis.valueStep = None
xValueAxis.visible = 1
xValueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
xValueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
xValueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
y = 10
yValueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
```

```
yValueAxis.forceZero = 0
yValueAxis.gridEnd = 0
yValueAxis.gridStart = 0
yValueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
yValueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
yValueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
yValueAxis.joinAxis = None
yValueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
yValueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
yValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
yValueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86dd8ac>
yValueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
yValueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
yValueAxis.rangeRound = 'none'
yValueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
yValueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
yValueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
yValueAxis.tickLeft = 5
yValueAxis.tickRight = 0
yValueAxis.valueMax = None
yValueAxis.valueMin = None
yValueAxis.valueStep = None
yValueAxis.visible = 1
yValueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
yValueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
yValueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
```

ScatterPlot(LinePlot)

A scatter plot widget

Public Attributes

axisStrokeWidth Stroke width for both axes

axisTickLengths Lenth of the ticks on both axes

background Background color (if any)

bottomPadding Padding at bottom of drawing

data Data points - a list of x/y tuples.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color used for background interior of plot area.

height Height of the area inside the axes

joinedLines Display data points joined with lines if true.

labelOffset Space between label and Axis (or other labels)

leftPadding Padding on left of drawing

lineLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for data point labels.

lineLabelNudge Distance between a data point and its label.

lineLabels Handle to the list of data point labels.

lines Handle of the lines.

outerBorderColor Color of outer border (if any)

outerBorderOn Is there an outer border (continuation of axes)

reversePlotOrder If true reverse plot order.

rightPadding Padding on right of drawing

strokeColor Color used for border of plot area.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

topPadding Padding at top of drawing

width Width of the area inside the axes

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

xLabel Label for the whole X-Axis

xValueAxis Handle of the x axis.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

yLabel Label for the whole Y-Axis

yValueAxis Handle of the y axis.

Example

```
def demo(self,drawing=None):
    if not drawing:
        tx,ty=self._getDrawingDimensions()
        drawing = Drawing(tx,ty)
    drawing.add(self.draw())
```

```
                    return drawing
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
        background = None
        bottomPadding = 5
        data = [((0.029999999999999999, 62.729999999999997),
                 (0.073999999999999996, 54.363),
                 (1.216, 17.963999999999999)),
                ((1.3600000000000001, 11.621),
                 (1.387, 50.011000000000003),
                 (1.4279999999999999, 68.953000000000003)),
                ((1.444, 86.888000000000005),
                 (1.754, 35.579999999999998),
                 (1.766, 36.049999999999997))]
        debug = 0
        fillColor = None
        height = 77
        joinedLines = 0
        leftPadding = 5
        lineLabelFormat = '%.2f'
        lineLabelNudge = 0
        lineLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86fc2ec>
        lines = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86fc2ac>
        outerBorderColor = Color(0,0,0)
        outerBorderOn = 1
        reversePlotOrder = 0
        rightPadding = 10
        strokeColor = None
        strokeWidth = 1
        topPadding = 5
        width = 142
        x = 25.996000000000002
        xLabel = 'X Lable'
        xValueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
        xValueAxis.forceZero = 0
        xValueAxis.gridEnd = 0
        xValueAxis.gridStart = 0
        xValueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
        xValueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
        xValueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
        xValueAxis.joinAxis = None
        xValueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
        xValueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
        xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
        xValueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86fc1cc>
        xValueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
        xValueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
        xValueAxis.rangeRound = 'both'
        xValueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
        xValueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
        xValueAxis.strokeWidth = 0.5
        xValueAxis.tickDown = 2
        xValueAxis.tickUp = 0
        xValueAxis.valueMax = None
        xValueAxis.valueMin = None
        xValueAxis.valueStep = None
        xValueAxis.visible = 1
        xValueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
        xValueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
        xValueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
        y = 16
        yLabel = 'Y Lable'
        yValueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
        yValueAxis.forceZero = 0
        yValueAxis.gridEnd = 0
        yValueAxis.gridStart = 0
        yValueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
        yValueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
        yValueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
        yValueAxis.joinAxis = None
        yValueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
        yValueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
        yValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%s'
        yValueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x86fc24c>
        yValueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
```

```
yValueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
yValueAxis.rangeRound = 'both'
yValueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
yValueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
yValueAxis.strokeWidth = 0.5
yValueAxis.tickLeft = 2
yValueAxis.tickRight = 0
yValueAxis.valueMax = None
yValueAxis.valueMin = None
yValueAxis.valueStep = None
yValueAxis.visible = 1
yValueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
yValueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
yValueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
```

Functions

sample1a(...)

A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis.

Example

```
def sample1a():
    "A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            ((1,1), (2,2), (2.5,1), (3,3), (4,5)),
            ((1,2), (2,3), (2.5,2), (3.5,5), (4,6))
        ]
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    lp.lines.symbol = makeMarker('UK_Flag')
    lp.lines[0].strokeWidth = 2
    lp.lines[1].strokeWidth = 4
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = 5
    lp.xValueAxis.valueStep = 1
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 7
    lp.yValueAxis.valueStep = 1
    drawing.add(lp)
    return drawing
```
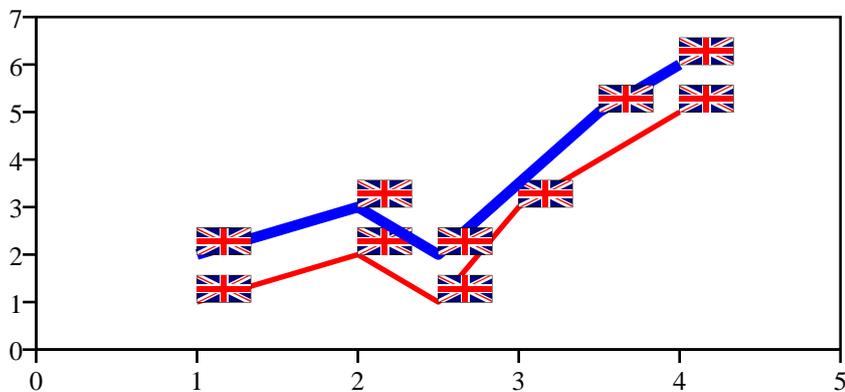
sample1b(...)

A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis.

Example

```
def sample1b():
    "A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            ((1,1), (2,2), (2.5,1), (3,3), (4,5)),
            ((1,2), (2,3), (2.5,2), (3.5,5), (4,6))
        ]
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.lines.symbol = makeMarker('Circle')
    lp.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = 5
    lp.xValueAxis.valueSteps = [1, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5]
    lp.xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%2.1f'
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 7
    lp.yValueAxis.valueStep = 1
    drawing.add(lp)
    return drawing
```

sample1c(...)

A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis.

Example

```
def sample1c():
    "A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
            ((1,1), (2,2), (2.5,1), (3,3), (4,5)),
            ((1,2), (2,3), (2.5,2), (3.5,5), (4,6))
        ]
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.lines[0].symbol = makeMarker('FilledCircle')
    lp.lines[1].symbol = makeMarker('Circle')
    lp.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = 5
    lp.xValueAxis.valueSteps = [1, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5]
    lp.xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%2.1f'
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 7
    lp.yValueAxis.valueSteps = [1, 2, 3, 5, 6]
    drawing.add(lp)
    return drawing
```
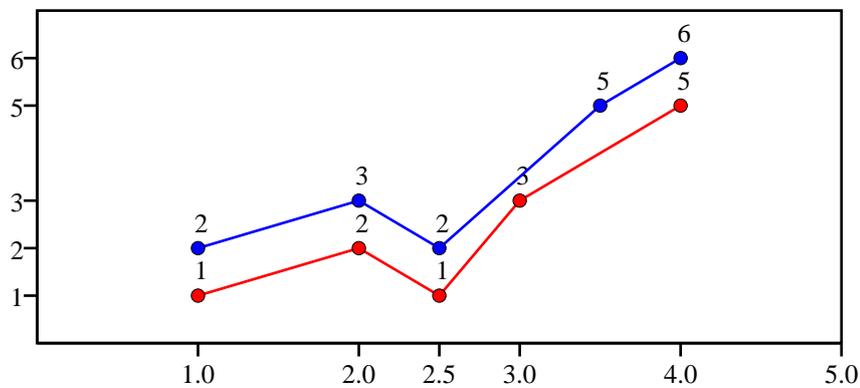
sample2(...)

A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis.

Example

```
def sample2():
    "A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        (('25/11/1991',1),
        ('30/11/1991',1.000933333),
        ('31/12/1991',1.0062),
        ('31/01/1992',1.0112),
        ('29/02/1992',1.0158),
        ('31/03/1992',1.020733333),
        ('30/04/1992',1.026133333),
        ('31/05/1992',1.030266667),
        ('30/06/1992',1.034466667),
        ('31/07/1992',1.038733333),
        ('31/08/1992',1.0422),
        ('30/09/1992',1.045533333),
        ('31/10/1992',1.049866667),
        ('30/11/1992',1.054733333),
        ('31/12/1992',1.061),
        ),
        ]
    data[0] = preprocessData(data[0])
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.lines.symbol = makeMarker('FilledDiamond')
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    start = mktime(mkTimeTuple('25/11/1991'))
    t0 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('30/11/1991'))
    t1 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('31/12/1991'))
    t2 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('31/03/1992'))
    t3 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('30/06/1992'))
    t4 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('30/09/1992'))
    end = mktime(mkTimeTuple('31/12/1992'))
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = start
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = end
    lp.xValueAxis.valueSteps = [start, t0, t1, t2, t3, t4, end]
    lp.xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = seconds2str
    lp.xValueAxis.labels[1].dy = -20
    lp.xValueAxis.labels[2].dy = -35
    lp.yValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%4.2f'
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 100
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 110
    lp.yValueAxis.valueStep = 2
    drawing.add(lp)
    return drawing
```
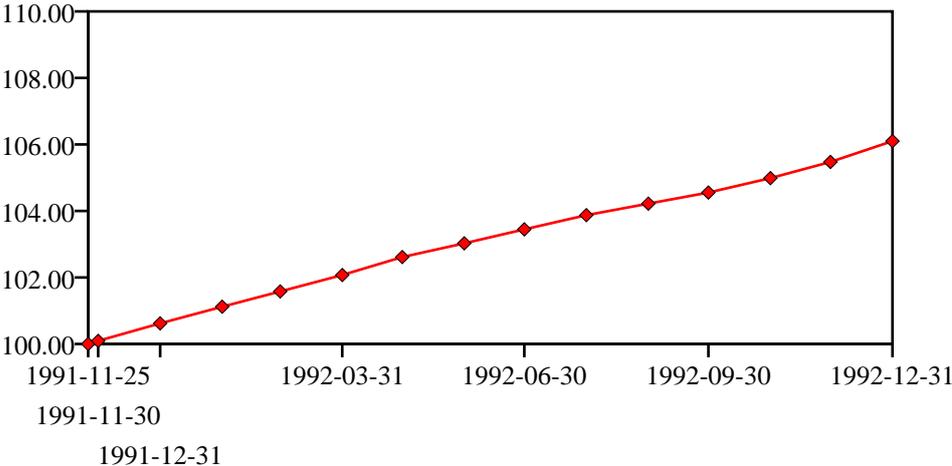
`piecharts`

Basic Pie Chart class.

This permits you to customize and pop out individual wedges;
supports elliptical and circular pies.

Classes

`LegendedPie(Pie)`

Pie with a two part legend (one editable with swatches, one hidden without swatches).

Public Attributes

bottomPadding Padding at bottom of drawing

data list of numbers defining wedge sizes; need not sum to 1

direction 'clockwise' or 'anticlockwise'

drawLegend If true then create and draw legend

height height of pie bounding box. Need not be same as height.

labels optional list of labels to use for each data point

leftPadding Padding on left of drawing

legend1 Handle to legend for pie

legendNumberFormat Formatting routine for number on right hand side of legend.

legendNumberOffset Horizontal space between legend and numbers on r/hand side

legend_data Numbers used on r/hand side of legend (or None)

legend_names Names used in legend (or None)

pieAndLegend_colors Colours used for both swatches and pie

rightPadding Padding on right of drawing

slices collection of wedge descriptor objects

startAngle angle of first slice; like the compass, 0 is due North

**topPadding** Padding at top of drawing

width width of pie bounding box. Need not be same as width.

x X position of the chart within its container.

y Y position of the chart within its container.

Example

```
def demo(self, drawing=None):
    if not drawing:
        tx,ty = self._getDrawingDimensions()
        drawing = Drawing(tx, ty)
    drawing.add(self.draw())
    return drawing
```
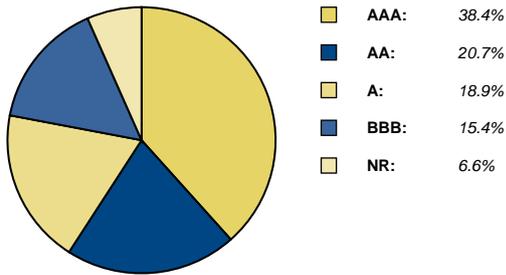
Properties of Example Widget

```
bottomPadding = 5
data = [38.399999999999999,
        20.699999999999999,
        18.899999999999999,
        15.4,
        6.5999999999999996]
direction = 'clockwise'
drawLegend = 1
height = 100
labels = None
leftPadding = 5
legend1.alignment = 'right'
legend1.autoXPadding = 5
legend1.autoYPadding = 2
legend1.colorNamePairs = [(PCMYKColor(11,11,72,0,spotName='PANTONE 458 CV'), 'AAA:'),
                          (PCMYKColor(100,65,0,30,spotName='PANTONE 288 CV'), 'AA:'),
                          (PCMYKColor(11,11,72,0,spotName='PANTONE 458 CV',density=75), 'A:'),
                          (PCMYKColor(100,65,0,30,spotName='PANTONE 288 CV',density=75), 'BBB:'),
                          (PCMYKColor(11,11,72,0,spotName='PANTONE 458 CV',density=50), 'NR:')]
legend1.columnMaximum = 7
legend1.deltax = 5.6699999999999999
legend1.deltay = 14.17
legend1.dx = 5.6699999999999999
legend1.dxTextSpace = 11.390000000000001
legend1.dy = 5.6699999999999999
legend1.fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
legend1.fontName = 'Helvetica-Bold'
legend1.fontSize = 6
legend1.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
legend1.strokeWidth = 0.5
legend1.x = 117
legend1.y = 100
legendNumberFormat = '%.1f%%'
legendNumberOffset = 51
legend_data = [38.399999999999999,
               20.699999999999999,
               18.899999999999999,
               15.4,
               6.5999999999999996]
legend_names = ['AAA:', 'AA:', 'A:', 'BBB:', 'NR:']
pieAndLegend_colors = [PCMYKColor(11,11,72,0,spotName='PANTONE 458 CV'),
                       PCMYKColor(100,65,0,30,spotName='PANTONE 288 CV'),
                       PCMYKColor(11,11,72,0,spotName='PANTONE 458 CV',density=75),
                       PCMYKColor(100,65,0,30,spotName='PANTONE 288 CV',density=75),
                       PCMYKColor(11,11,72,0,spotName='PANTONE 458 CV',density=50),
                       PCMYKColor(100,65,0,30,spotName='PANTONE 288 CV',density=50)]
rightPadding = 5
slices = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x870ceac>
startAngle = 90
topPadding = 5
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```

`Pie(Widget)`

Public Attributes

data list of numbers defining wedge sizes; need not sum to 1

direction 'clockwise' or 'anticlockwise'

height height of pie bounding box. Need not be same as height.

labels optional list of labels to use for each data point

slices collection of wedge descriptor objects

startAngle angle of first slice; like the compass, 0 is due North

width width of pie bounding box. Need not be same as width.

x X position of the chart within its container.

y Y position of the chart within its container.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 50
    pc.y = 10
    pc.width = 100
    pc.height = 80
    pc.data = [10,20,30,40,50,60]
    pc.labels = ['a','b','c','d','e','f']
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=0.5
    pc.slices[3].popout = 10
    pc.slices[3].strokeWidth = 2
    pc.slices[3].strokeDashArray = [2,2]
    pc.slices[3].labelRadius = 1.75
    pc.slices[3].fontColor = colors.red
    pc.slices[0].fillColor = colors.darkcyan
    pc.slices[1].fillColor = colors.blueviolet
    pc.slices[2].fillColor = colors.blue
    pc.slices[3].fillColor = colors.cyan
    pc.slices[4].fillColor = colors.aquamarine
    pc.slices[5].fillColor = colors.cadetblue
    pc.slices[6].fillColor = colors.lightcoral
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```
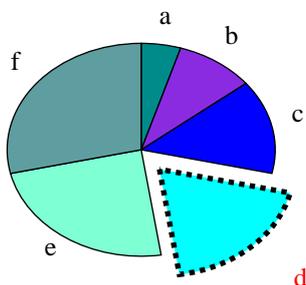

Properties of Example Widget

```
data = [1]
direction = 'clockwise'
height = 100
labels = None
slices = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0x87317cc>
startAngle = 90
```

```
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```

Functions

sample0a(...)

Make a degenerated pie chart with only one slice.

Example

```
def sample0a():
    "Make a degenerated pie chart with only one slice."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 150
    pc.y = 50
    pc.data = [10]
    pc.labels = ['a']
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```


a
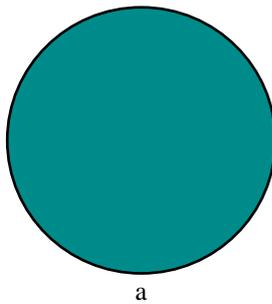
sample0b(...)

Make a degenerated pie chart with only one slice.

Example

```
def sample0b():
    "Make a degenerated pie chart with only one slice."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 150
    pc.y = 50
    pc.width = 120
    pc.height = 100
    pc.data = [10]
    pc.labels = ['a']
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```

a
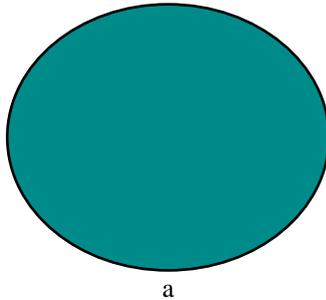
sample1(...)

Make a typical pie chart with with one slice treated in a special way.

Example

```
def sample1():
    "Make a typical pie chart with with one slice treated in a special way."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 150
    pc.y = 50
    pc.data = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60]
    pc.labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f']
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    pc.slices[3].popout = 20
    pc.slices[3].strokeWidth = 2
    pc.slices[3].strokeDashArray = [2,2]
    pc.slices[3].labelRadius = 1.75
    pc.slices[3].fontColor = colors.red
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```
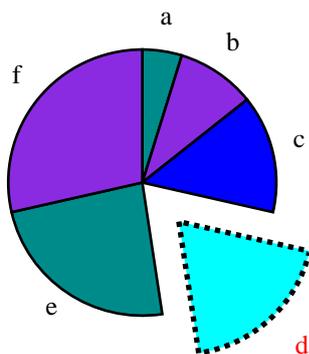
sample2(...)

Make a pie chart with nine slices.

Example

```
def sample2():
    "Make a pie chart with nine slices."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 125
    pc.y = 25
    pc.data = [0.31, 0.148, 0.108,
               0.076, 0.033, 0.03,
               0.019, 0.126, 0.15]
    pc.labels = ['1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', 'X']
    pc.width = 150
    pc.height = 150
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    pc.slices[0].fillColor = colors.steelblue
    pc.slices[1].fillColor = colors.thistle
    pc.slices[2].fillColor = colors.cornflower
    pc.slices[3].fillColor = colors.lightsteelblue
    pc.slices[4].fillColor = colors.aquamarine
    pc.slices[5].fillColor = colors.cadetblue
    pc.slices[6].fillColor = colors.lightcoral
    pc.slices[7].fillColor = colors.tan
    pc.slices[8].fillColor = colors.darkseagreen
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```
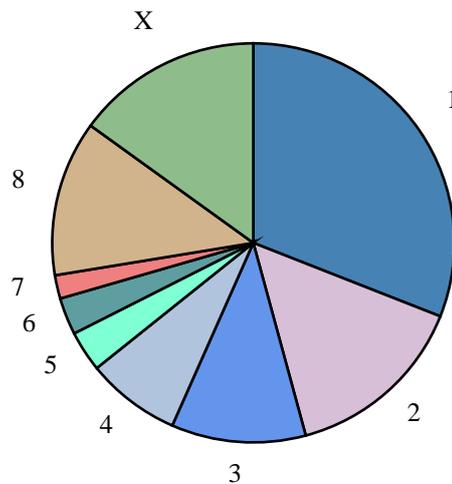
sample3(...)

Make a pie chart with a very slim slice.

Example

```
def sample3():
    "Make a pie chart with a very slim slice."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 125
    pc.y = 25
    pc.data = [74, 1, 25]
    pc.width = 150
    pc.height = 150
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    pc.slices[0].fillColor = colors.steelblue
    pc.slices[1].fillColor = colors.thistle
    pc.slices[2].fillColor = colors.cornflower
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```
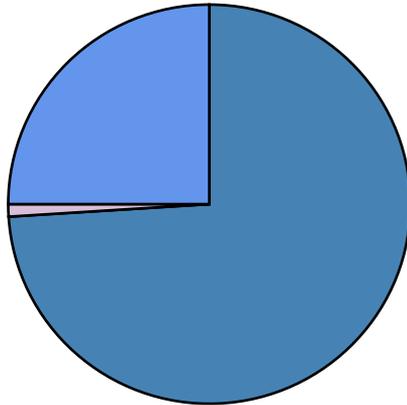
sample4(...)

Make a pie chart with several very slim slices.

Example

```
def sample4():
    "Make a pie chart with several very slim slices."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 125
    pc.y = 25
    pc.data = [74, 1, 1, 1, 1, 22]
    pc.width = 150
    pc.height = 150
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    pc.slices[0].fillColor = colors.steelblue
    pc.slices[1].fillColor = colors.thistle
    pc.slices[2].fillColor = colors.cornflower
    pc.slices[3].fillColor = colors.lightsteelblue
    pc.slices[4].fillColor = colors.aquamarine
    pc.slices[5].fillColor = colors.cadetblue
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```
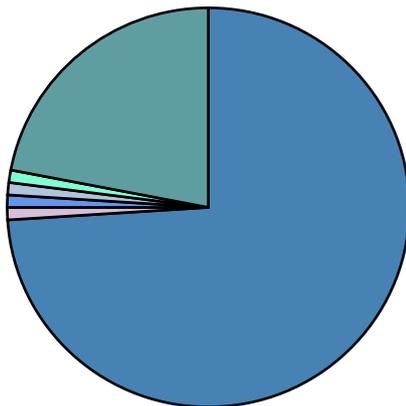
textlabels

#copyright ReportLab Inc. 2000-2001
#see license.txt for license details
#history http://cvs.sourceforge.net/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/reportlab/graphics/charts/textlabels.py?cvsroot=reportlab
#$Header: /cvsroot/reportlab/reportlab/graphics/charts/textlabels.py,v 1.26 2002/07/24 19:56:36 andy_robinson Exp $

Classes

BarChartLabel(Label)

An extended Label allowing for nudging, lines visibility etc

Public Attributes

angle None

boxAnchor None

boxFillColor None

boxStrokeColor None

boxStrokeWidth None

dx None

dy None

fillColor None

fixedEnd None or fixed draw ends +/-

fixedStart None or fixed draw starts +/-

fontName None

fontSize None

height None

leading None

lineStrokeColor Color for a drawn line

lineStrokeWidth Non-zero for a drawn line

maxWidth None

nudge Non-zero sign dependent nudge

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

text None

textAnchor None

visible True if the label is to be drawn

width None

x None

y None

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """This shows a label positioned with its top right corner
    at the top centre of the drawing, and rotated 45 degrees."""
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(Circle(100,90, 5, fillColor=colors.green))
    lab = Label()
    lab.setOrigin(100,90)
    lab.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    lab.angle = 45
    lab.dx = 0
    lab.dy = -20
    lab.boxStrokeColor = colors.green
    lab.setText('Another\nMulti-Line\nString')
    d.add(lab)
    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
angle = 0
boxAnchor = 'c'
boxFillColor = None
boxStrokeColor = None
boxStrokeWidth = 0.5
dx = 0
dy = 0
fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
fixedEnd = None
fixedStart = None
fontName = 'Times-Roman'
fontSize = 10
height = None
leading = None
lineStrokeColor = None
lineStrokeWidth = 0
maxWidth = None
nudge = 0
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 0.10000000000000001
textAnchor = 'start'
visible = 1
width = None
x = 0
y = 0
```

`Label(Widget)`

A text label to attach to something else, such as a chart axis.

This allows you to specify an offset, angle and many anchor properties relative to the label's origin. It allows, for example, angled multiline axis labels.

Public Attributes

angle None

boxAnchor None

boxFillColor None

boxStrokeColor None

boxStrokeWidth None

dx None

dy None

fillColor None

fontName None

fontSize None

height None

leading None

maxWidth None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

text None

textAnchor None

visible True if the label is to be drawn

width None

x None

y None

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """This shows a label positioned with its top right corner
    at the top centre of the drawing, and rotated 45 degrees."""
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(Circle(100,90, 5, fillColor=colors.green))
    lab = Label()
    lab.setOrigin(100,90)
    lab.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    lab.angle = 45
    lab.dx = 0
    lab.dy = -20
    lab.boxStrokeColor = colors.green
    lab.setText('Another\nMulti-Line\nString')
    d.add(lab)
    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
angle = 0
boxAnchor = 'c'
boxFillColor = None
boxStrokeColor = None
boxStrokeWidth = 0.5
dx = 0
dy = 0
fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
fontName = 'Times-Roman'
fontSize = 10
height = None
leading = None
maxWidth = None
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 0.10000000000000001
textAnchor = 'start'
visible = 1
width = None
x = 0
y = 0
```

NA_Label(BarChartLabel)

An extended Label allowing for nudging, lines visibility etc

Public Attributes

angle None

boxAnchor None

boxFillColor None

boxStrokeColor None

boxStrokeWidth None

dx None

dy None

fillColor None

fixedEnd None or fixed draw ends +/-

fixedStart None or fixed draw starts +/-

fontName None

fontSize None

height None

leading None

lineStrokeColor Color for a drawn line

lineStrokeWidth Non-zero for a drawn line

maxWidth None

nudge Non-zero sign dependent nudge

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

text Text to be used for N/A values

textAnchor None

visible True if the label is to be drawn

width None

x None

y None

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """This shows a label positioned with its top right corner
    at the top centre of the drawing, and rotated 45 degrees."""
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(Circle(100,90, 5, fillColor=colors.green))
    lab = Label()
    lab.setOrigin(100,90)
    lab.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    lab.angle = 45
    lab.dx = 0
    lab.dy = -20
    lab.boxStrokeColor = colors.green
```

```
lab.setText('Another\nMulti-Line\nString')
d.add(lab)
return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
angle = 0
boxAnchor = 'c'
boxFillColor = None
boxStrokeColor = None
boxStrokeWidth = 0.5
dx = 0
dy = 0
fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
fixedEnd = None
fixedStart = None
fontName = 'Times-Roman'
fontSize = 10
height = None
leading = None
lineStrokeColor = None
lineStrokeWidth = 0
maxWidth = None
nudge = 0
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 0.10000000000000001
text = 'n/a'
textAnchor = 'start'
visible = 1
width = None
x = 0
y = 0
```

areas

This module defines a Area mixin classes

Classes

PlotArea(Widget)

Abstract base class representing a chart's plot area, pretty unusable by itself.

Public Attributes

background Handle to background object.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

height Height of the chart.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    msg = "demo() must be implemented for each Widget!"
    raise shapes.NotImplementedError, msg
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
background = None
debug = 0
fillColor = None
height = 85
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

flags

This file is a collection of flag graphics as widgets.

All flags are represented at the ratio of 1:2, even where the official ratio for the flag is something else (such as 3:5 for the German national flag). The only exceptions are for where this would look _very_ wrong, such as the Danish flag whose (ratio is 28:37), or the Swiss flag (which is square).

Unless otherwise stated, these flags are all the 'national flags' of the countries, rather than their state flags, naval flags, ensigns or any other variants. (National flags are the flag flown by civilians of a country and the ones usually used to represent a country abroad. State flags are the variants used by the government and by diplomatic missions overseas).

To check on how close these are to the 'official' representations of flags, check the World Flag Database at http://www.flags.ndirect.co.uk/

The flags this file contains are:

EU Members:
United Kingdom, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Holland (The Netherlands), Spain, Sweden

Others:
USA, Czech Republic, European Union, Switzerland, Turkey, Brazil

(Brazilian flag contributed by Publio da Costa Melo [publio@planetarium.com.br]).

Classes

Flag(_Symbol)

This is a generic flag class that all the flags in this file use as a basis.

This class basically provides edges and a tidy-up routine to hide any bits of line that overlap the 'outside' of the flag

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor'

Public Attributes

border Whether a background is drawn

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor Background color

kind Which flag

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`Star(_Symbol)`

This draws a 5-pointed star.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor', 'strokeColor'

Public Attributes

angle angle in degrees

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`signsandsymbols`

This file is a collection of widgets to produce some common signs and symbols.

Widgets include:
- ETriangle (an equilateral triangle),
- RTriangle (a right angled triangle),
- Octagon,
- Crossbox,
- Tickbox,
- SmileyFace,
- StopSign,
- NoEntry,
- NotAllowed (the red roundel from 'no smoking' signs),
- NoSmoking,
- DangerSign (a black exclamation point in a yellow triangle),
- YesNo (returns a tickbox or a crossbox depending on a testvalue),
- FloppyDisk,
- ArrowOne, and
- ArrowTwo

Classes

`ArrowOne(_Symbol)`

This widget draws an arrow (style one).

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`ArrowTwo(ArrowOne)`

This widget draws an arrow (style two).

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`Crossbox(_Symbol)`

This draws a black box with a red cross in it - a 'checkbox'.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'crossColor', 'strokeColor', 'crosswidth'

Public Attributes

crossColor None

crosswidth None

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`DangerSign(_Symbol)`

This draws a 'danger' sign: a yellow box with a black exclamation point.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'strokeColor', 'fillColor', 'strokeWidth'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`ETriangle(_Symbol)`

This draws an equilateral triangle.

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`FloppyDisk(_Symbol)`

This widget draws an icon of a floppy disk.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'diskcolor'

Public Attributes

diskColor None

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`NoEntry(_Symbol)`

This draws a (British) No Entry sign - a red circle with a white line on it.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

innerBarColor color of the inner bar

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

`NoSmoking(NotAllowed)`

This draws a no-smoking sign.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

NotAllowed(_Symbol)

This draws a 'forbidden' roundel (as used in the no-smoking sign).

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

Octagon(_Symbol)

This widget draws an Octagon.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor', 'strokeColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

RTriangle(_Symbol)

This draws a right-angled triangle.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor', 'strokeColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

SmileyFace(_Symbol)

This draws a classic smiley face.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

StopSign(_Symbol)

This draws a (British) stop sign.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

stopColor color of the word stop

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

Tickbox(_Symbol)

This draws a black box with a red tick in it - another 'checkbox'.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'tickColor', 'strokeColor', 'tickwidth'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

tickColor None

tickwidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

YesNo(_Symbol)

This widget draw a tickbox or crossbox depending on 'testValue'.

If this widget is supplied with a 'True' or 1 as a value for
testValue, it will use the tickbox widget. Otherwise, it will
produce a crossbox.

possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'tickcolor', 'crosscolor', 'testValue'

Public Attributes

crosscolor None

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

testValue None

tickcolor None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

_Symbol(Widget)

Abstract base widget
possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor', 'strokeColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

grids

#copyright ReportLab Inc. 2000-2001
#see license.txt for license details
#history http://cvs.sourceforge.net/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/reportlab/graphics/widgets/grids.py?cvsroot=reportlab
#$Header: /cvsroot/reportlab/reportlab/graphics/widgets/grids.py,v 1.29 2002/08/25 10:06:29 rgbecker Exp $

Classes

DoubleGrid(Widget)

This combines two ordinary Grid objects orthogonal to each other.

Public Attributes

grid0 The first grid component.

grid1 The second grid component.

**height** The grid's height.

width The grid's width.

x The grid's lower-left x position.

y The grid's lower-left y position.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    D = Drawing(100, 100)
    g = DoubleGrid()
    D.add(g)
    return D
```
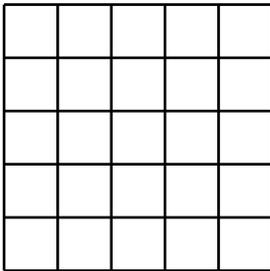
Properties of Example Widget

```
grid0.delta = 20
grid0.delta0 = 0
grid0.deltaSteps = []
grid0.fillColor = Color(1,1,1)
grid0.height = 100
grid0.orientation = 'vertical'
grid0.stripeColors = [Color(1,0,0), Color(0,.501961,0), Color(0,0,1)]
grid0.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
grid0.strokeWidth = 1
grid0.useLines = 1
grid0.useRects = 0
grid0.width = 100
grid0.x = 0
grid0.y = 0
grid1.delta = 20
grid1.delta0 = 0
grid1.deltaSteps = []
grid1.fillColor = Color(1,1,1)
grid1.height = 100
grid1.orientation = 'horizontal'
grid1.stripeColors = [Color(1,0,0), Color(0,.501961,0), Color(0,0,1)]
grid1.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
grid1.strokeWidth = 1
grid1.useLines = 1
grid1.useRects = 0
grid1.width = 100
grid1.x = 0
grid1.y = 0
height = 100
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```

`Grid(Widget)`

This makes a rectangular grid of equidistant stripes.

The grid contains an outer border rectangle, and stripes
inside which can be drawn with lines and/or as solid tiles.
The drawing order is: outer rectangle, then lines and tiles.

The stripes' width is indicated as 'delta'. The sequence of
stripes can have an offset named 'delta0'. Both values need
to be positive!

Public Attributes

delta Determines the width/height of the stripes.

delta0 Determines the stripes initial width/height offset.

deltaSteps List of deltas to be used cyclically.

fillColor Background color for entire rectangle.

height The grid's height.

orientation Determines if stripes are vertical or horizontal.

stripeColors Colors applied cyclically in the right or upper direction.

strokeColor Color used for lines.

strokeWidth Width used for lines.

useLines Determines if stripes are drawn with lines.

**useRects** Determines if stripes are drawn with solid rectangles.

width The grid's width.

x The grid's lower-left x position.

y The grid's lower-left y position.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    D = Drawing(100, 100)
    g = Grid()
    D.add(g)
    return D
```
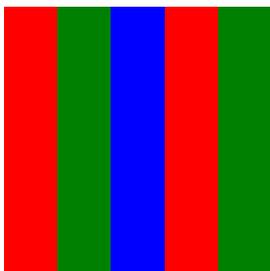

Properties of Example Widget

```
delta = 20
delta0 = 0
```

```
deltaSteps = []
fillColor = Color(1,1,1)
height = 100
orientation = 'vertical'
stripeColors = [Color(1,0,0), Color(0,.501961,0), Color(0,0,1)]
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeWidth = 2
useLines = 0
useRects = 1
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```

```
deltaSteps = []
fillColor = Color(1,1,1)
```

ShadedPolygon(Widget, LineShape)

Public Attributes

angle Shading angle

cylinderMode True if shading reverses in middle.

fillColorEnd None

fillColorStart None

numShades The number of interpolating colors.

points None

strokeColor None

strokeDashArray None

strokeLineCap None

strokeLineJoin None

strokeMiterLimit None

strokeWidth None

Example

```
def demo(self):
    msg = "demo() must be implemented for each Widget!"
    raise shapes.NotImplementedError, msg
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
angle = 90
cylinderMode = 0
fillColorEnd = Color(0,.501961,0)
fillColorStart = Color(1,0,0)
numShades = 50
points = [-1, -1, 2, 2, 3, -1]
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeDashArray = None
strokeLineCap = 0
strokeLineJoin = 0
strokeMiterLimit = 0
strokeWidth = 1
```

ShadedPolygon(Widget, LineShape)

`ShadedRect(Widget)`

This makes a rectangle with shaded colors between two colors.

Colors are interpolated linearly between 'fillColorStart'
and 'fillColorEnd', both of which appear at the margins.
If 'numShades' is set to one, though, only 'fillColorStart'
is used.

Public Attributes

cylinderMode True if shading reverses in middle.

fillColorEnd End value of the color shade.

fillColorStart Start value of the color shade.

height The grid's height.

numShades The number of interpolating colors.

orientation Determines if stripes are vertical or horizontal.

strokeColor Color used for border line.

**strokeWidth** Width used for lines.

width The grid's width.

x The grid's lower-left x position.

y The grid's lower-left y position.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    D = Drawing(100, 100)
    g = ShadedRect()
    D.add(g)
    return D
```
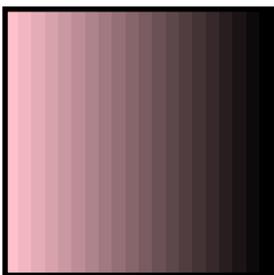

Properties of Example Widget

```
cylinderMode = 0
fillColorEnd = Color(0,0,0)
fillColorStart = Color(1,.752941,.796078)
height = 100
numShades = 20
orientation = 'vertical'
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeWidth = 2
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```